# 2026

# **Evidence of Coverage**

Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO)

California H5649-030-000

Fresno, Imperial, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Madera, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Tulare Counties

Effective January 1 through December 31, 2026





### **January 1 - December 31, 2026**

# **Evidence of Coverage for 2026:**

# Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO)

This document gives the details of your Medicare health coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2026. **This** is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand:

- Our plan premium and cost sharing
- Our medical benefits
- · How to file a complaint if you're not satisfied with a service or treatment
- · How to contact us
- Other protections required by Medicare law

For questions about this document, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427. (TTY users call 711). Hours are Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.. This call is free.

This plan, Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), is offered by Central Health Medicare Plan. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means Central Health Medicare Plan. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO).)

This document is available for free in Spanish.

This document may be available in other formats such as braille, large print or audio.

Benefits, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2027.

Our formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You'll get notice about any changes that may affect you at least 30 days in advance.

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# **CHAPTER 1:**

# Get started as a member

## SECTION 1 You're a member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO)

#### Section 1.1 You're enrolled in Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), which is a Medicare HMO

You're covered by Medicare, and you chose to get your Medicare health coverage through our plan, Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO). Our plan covers all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan are different from Original Medicare.

Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) <u>doesn't</u> include Part D drug coverage.

#### Section 1.2 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you get from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders or amendments*.

The contract is in effect for the months you're enrolled in Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) between January 1, 2026 and December 31, 2026.

Medicare allows us to make changes to plans we offer each calendar year. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) after December 31, 2026. We can also choose to stop offering our plan in your service area, after December 31, 2026.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue offering our plan and Medicare renews approval of our plan.

# **SECTION 2** Plan eligibility requirements

#### Section 2.1 Eligibility requirements

You're eligible for membership in our plan as long as you meet all these conditions:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- You live in our geographic service area (described in Section 2.2). People who are incarcerated aren't considered to be living in the geographic service area even if they're physically located in it
- You're a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States

#### Section 2.2 Plan service area for Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO)

Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) is only available to people who live in our plan service area. To stay a member of our plan, you must continue to live in our plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in California: Fresno, Imperial, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Madera, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Tulare Counties.

If you move out of our plan's service area, you can't stay a member of this plan. Call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you'll have a Special Enrollment Period to either switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health plan in your new location.

If you move or change your mailing address, it's also important to call Social Security. Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

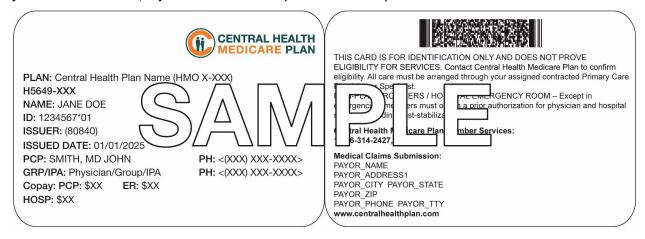
#### Section 2.3 U.S. citizen or lawful presence

You must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of a Medicare health plan. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) if you're not eligible to stay a member of our plan on this basis. Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

### SECTION 3 Important membership material

#### Section 3.1 Our plan membership card

Use your membership card whenever you get services covered by our plan. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if you have one. Sample membership card:



DON'T use your red, white and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you're a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare-approved clinical research studies (also called clinical trials).

#### Chapter 1: Get started as a member

If our plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) right away and we'll send you a new card.

#### Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* www.centralhealthplan.com lists our current network providers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization, you'll have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network isn't available (that is, situations where it's unreasonable or not possible to get services in network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases when Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

Get the most recent list of providers on our website at www.centralhealthplan.com.

If you don't have a *Provider Directory*, you can ask for a copy (electronically or in paper form) from Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). Requested paper Provider Directories will be mailed to you within 3 business days.

#### **SECTION 4** Summary of Important Costs for 2026

	Your Costs in 2025
Monthly plan premium*	\$0
* Your premium can be higher no additional text should display here than this amount. Go to Section 4.1 for details.	
Maximum out-of-pocket amount	\$4,400
This is the <u>most</u> you'll pay out-of-pocket for covered Part A and Part B services. (Go to Chapter 4 Section 1.2 for details.)	
Primary care office visits	\$0 copay per visit
Specialist office visits	\$0 copay per visit
Inpatient hospital stays	You pay a \$150 copay per day for days 1 - 6 You pay a \$0 copay per day for days 7 - 90

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)

#### Section 4.1 Plan premium

You don't pay a separate monthly plan premium for Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO).

#### Chapter 1: Get started as a member

Medicare Part B premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2026* handbook, the section called 2026 *Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website (<a href="https://www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a>). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

#### Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

#### Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums.

One of the benefits of our plan is a Part B Premium Rebate. This means that each month \$79 is automatically applied to your Part B Premium, increasing your Social Security check each month.

You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to stay a member of our plan. This includes your premium for Part B. You may also pay a premium for Part A, if you aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

# **SECTION 5** Keep our plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and phone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our plan's network **use your membership record to know what services are covered and your cost-sharing amounts**. Because of this, it's very important to help us keep your information up to date.

#### If you have any of these changes, let us know:

- Changes to your name, address, or phone number
- Changes in any other health coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- Any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you're admitted to a nursing home
- If you get care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you participate in a clinical research study (**Note:** You're not required to tell our plan about clinical research studies you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, let us know by calling Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).

It's also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. Call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY users call 1-800-325-0778).

# **SECTION 6** How other insurance works with our plan

Medicare requires us to collect information about any other medical or drug insurance coverage you have so we can coordinate any other coverage with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

#### Chapter 1: Get started as a member

Once a year, we'll send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug coverage we know about. Read over this information carefully. If it's correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information isn't correct, or if you have other coverage that's not listed, call call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). You may need to give our plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you confirm their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), Medicare rules decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first ("the primary payer") pays up to the limits of its coverage. The insurance that pays second ("the secondary payer") only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you're under 65 and disabled and you (or your family member) are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan has more than 100 employees.
  - If you're over 65 and you (or your spouse or domestic partner) are still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

# **CHAPTER 2:**

# Phone numbers and resources

## SECTION 1 Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) contacts

For help with claims, billing, or member card questions, call or write to Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). We'll be happy to help you.

Member Services – Contact Information	
Call	(866) 314-2427
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
	Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) also has free language interpreter services for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
Fax	(310) 507-6186
Write	Central Health Medicare Plan Member Services Molina Healthcare Attn: Medicare Member Services 200 Oceangate Ste. 100 Long Beach, CA 90802
Website	www.centralhealthplan.com

#### How to ask for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision. For more information on how to ask for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care, go to Chapter 7.

Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information		
Call	(866) 314-2427	
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.	

Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care - Contact Information	
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
Fax	(310) 507-6186 - for Medical Claim Coverage Decisions and Appeals
Write	For Medical Claim Coverage Decisions:
	Central Health Medicare Plan
	Attn: Member Services
	Molina Healthcare Attn: Medicare Member Services 200 Oceangate Ste. 100 Long Beach, CA 90802
	For Medical Claim Appeals: Central Health Medicare Plan ATTN: Medicare Appeals & Grievances PO Box 22816 Long Beach, CA 90801-5816
Website	www.centralhealthplan.com

# How to make a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint doesn't involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on how to make a complaint about your medical care, go to Chapter 7.

Complaints about Me	edical Care – Contact Information
Call	(866) 314-2427
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
Fax	(310) 507-6186
Write	Central Health Medicare Plan ATTN: Medicare Appeals & Grievances PO Box 22816 Long Beach, CA 90801-5816
Medicare website	TosubmitacomplaintaboutCentralHealthValorCarePlan(HMO)directlytoMedicaregoto <u>www.Wedicaregov/my/medicarecomplaint</u> .

#### How to ask us to pay our share of the cost for medical care you got

If you got a bill or paid for services (like a provider bill) you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. Go to Chapter 5 for more information.

If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Go to Chapter 7 for more information.

Payment Reque	ests - Contact Information
Call	(866) 314-2427 Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.  Calls to this number are free.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
Fax	(310) 507-6186
Write	Medical Claims: Central Health Medicare Plan Attn: Medicare Member Services 200 Oceangate Ste. 100 Long Beach, CA 90802
Website	www.centralhealthplan.com

# **SECTION 2 Get help from Medicare**

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including our plan.

Medicare – Contact Information	
Call	1-800-MEDICARE, or (1-800-633-4227)
	Calls to this number are free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.

Medicare – Contact Information		
Chat Live	Chat live at www.Medicare.gov/talk-to-someone.	
Write	Write to Medicare at PO Box 1270, Lawrence, KS 66044	
Website	www.Medicare.gov	
	<ul> <li>Get information about the Medicare health and drug plans in your area, including what they cost and what services they provide.</li> <li>Find Medicare-participating doctors or other health care providers and suppliers.</li> <li>Find out what Medicare covers, including preventive services (like screenings, shots or vaccines, and yearly "Wellness" visits).</li> <li>Get Medicare appeals information and forms.</li> <li>Get information about the quality of care provided by plans, nursing homes, hospitals, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, hospice centers, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and long-term care hospitals.</li> <li>Look up helpful websites and phone numbers.</li> <li>You can also visit www.Medicare.gov to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Central Health Valor Care Plan.</li> <li>To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.Medicare.gov/my/medicarecomplaint.</li> <li>Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</li> </ul>	

# **SECTION 3** State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state that offers free help, information, and answers to your Medicare questions. In California, the SHIP is called Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County).

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) is an independent state program (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) that gets money from the federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on

Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems, help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

#### METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit <a href="https://www.shiphelp.org">https://www.shiphelp.org</a> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) (California SHIP) Contact Information

o III	
Call	Fresno and Madera Counties:
	(559) 224-9117
	Imperial County:
	(760) 353-0223
	Kern County:
	(661) 868-1000
	Kings and Tulare Counties:
	(559) 713-2875 / (800) 434-0222
	Los Angeles County:
	(213) 383-4519
	Orange County:
	(714) 560-0424
	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties:
	(909)-256-8369
	Sacramento County:
	(800) 434-0222 / (916) 376-8915
	San Diego County:
	(858) 565-8772
	San Francisco County:
	(415) 677-7520
	San Joaquin County:
	(209) 470-7812
	San Mateo County:
	(650) 627-9350
	Santa Clara County:
	(408) 350-3200
TTY	711
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) (California SHIP) Contact Information

Write

Fresno and Madera Counties:

Valley Caregiver Resource Center

5363 N. Fresno Street

Fresno, CA 93710

Imperial County:

Elder Law & Advocacy

939 W. Main Street, Box #19 Basement

El Centro, CA 92243

Kern County:

Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept

5357 Truxtun Ave.

Bakersfield, CA 93301

Kings and Tulare Counties:

Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging

3350 W. Mineral King

Visalia, CA 93291

Los Angeles County:

Center for Health Care Rights

4601 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 160

Los Angeles, CA 90010

Orange County:

Council on Aging - Southern California

2 Executive Circle, Suite 175

Irvine, CA 92614

Riverside and San Bernardino Counties:

Council on Aging Southern California

2280 Market Street, Ste. 140

Riverside, CA 92501

Sacramento and San Joaquin Counties:

Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc.

505 12th St Sacramento, CA 95814

San Diego County:

Elder Law & Advocacy

5151 Murphy Canyon Road, Suite 110

San Diego CA 92123

San Francisco County:

Self Help For the Elderly

601 Jackson Street, 2nd Floor

San Francisco, CA 94133

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) (California SHIP) Contact Information

San Mateo County:
Self Help for the Elderly
1710 S. Amphlett Blvd., Suite 100
San Mateo, CA 94402
Santa Clara County:
Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions
3100 De La Cruz Boulevard, Suite 310
Santa Clara, CA 95054

Mebsite

https://www.aging.ca.gov/hicap

#### **SECTION 4** Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

A designated Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) serves people with Medicare in each state. For California, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta.

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It's not connected with our plan.

Contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you got. Examples of quality-of-care concerns include getting the wrong medication, unnecessary tests or procedures, or a misdiagnosis.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services is ending too soon.

Livanta (California's Quality Improvement Organization) - Contact Information	
Call	(877) 588-1123 Monday-Friday: 9:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. (local time) Saturday-Sunday: 11:00 a.m 3:00 p.m. (local time) 24 hour voicemail service is available
ТТҮ	Dial 711 (855) 887-6668  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

Livanta (California's Quality Improvement Organization) - Contact Information		
Write	BFCC-QIO Program Commence Health PO Box 2687 Virginia Beach, VA 23450	
Website	https://www.livantaqio.cms.gov/	

#### **SECTION 5** Social Security

Social Security determines Medicare eligibility and handles Medicare enrollment.

If you move or change your mailing address, contact Social Security to let them know.

Social Security- Contact Information	
Call	1-800-772-1213
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday.
	Use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday.
Website	www.ssa.gov

#### **SECTION 6** Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. Medicaid offers programs to help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

**Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (OMB+).)

**Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)

**Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.

Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and Medicare Savings Programs, contact Medi-Cal.

Medi-Cal (California's Medicaid program) – Contact Information	
Call	(916) 449-5000
	Monday through Friday, 8am to 5pm; except holidays
TTY	711
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
Write	Medi-Cal Managed Care P.O. Box 997413, MS 4400 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413
Website	https://www.dhcs.ca.gov/Pages/default.aspx

#### **SECTION 7** Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you get Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, let them know if you move or change your mailing address. For questions about your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information	
Call	1-877-772-5772
	Calls to this number are free.
	Press "0" to speak with an RRB representative from 9 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9 am to 12 pm on Wednesday.
	Press "1" to access the automated RRB HelpLine and get recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number aren't free.
Website	https://RRB.gov

# **SECTION 8** If you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) with any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. You can call

1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) with questions about your Medicare coverage under this plan. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

# **CHAPTER 3:**

# Using our plan for your medical services

# SECTION 1 How to get medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using our plan to get your medical care covered.

For details on what medical care our plan covers and how much you pay when you get this care, go to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

#### **Section 1.1 Network providers and covered services**

**Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.

**Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

### Section 1.2 Basic rules for your medical care to be covered by our plan

As a Medicare health plan, Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) will generally cover your medical care as long as:

The care you get is included in our plan's Medical Benefits Chart (in Chapter 4).

**The care you get is considered medically necessary**. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (go to Section 2.1 of this chapter for more information).

- In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance (a referral) before you
  can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities,
  or home health care agencies. For more information go to Section 2.3.
- You don't need referrals from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed services. To learn about other kinds of care you can get without getting approval in advance from your PCP go to Section 2.2.

**You must get your care from a network provider** (go to Section 2). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who's not part of our plan's network) won't be covered. This means you have to pay the provider in full for services you get. *Here are 3 exceptions:* 

- Our plan covers emergency or urgently needed services you get from an out-of-network provider.
   For more information and to see what emergency or urgently needed services are, go to Section 3.
- If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. Authorization should be obtained from the plan or your PCP prior to seeking care. In this situation, you pay the same as you pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, go to Section 2.4.
- Our plan covers kidney dialysis services you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're temporarily outside our plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay our plan for dialysis can never be higher than the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you're outside our plan's service area and get dialysis from a provider outside our plan's network, your cost sharing can't be higher than the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to get services inside our service area from a provider outside our plan's network, your cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

# SECTION 2 Use providers in our plan's network to get medical care

# Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

#### What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

#### What is a PCP?

When you join the plan, you must choose a contracted plan provider for your Primary Care Provider (PCP). Your PCP is a physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your PCP's office.

What types of providers may act as a PCP?

Many of our PCPs are internal medicine doctors, family practitioners, and general practitioners. Sometimes you may use a plan specialist for your PCP (i.e. cardiologist). You should call Member Services to find out if a plan specialist is contracted to be a PCP.

- What is the role of my PCP? Your PCP will provide most of your care, including routine and basic care, and will help you arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. For example, in order for you to see a specialist, you usually need to get your PCP's approval first (this is called getting a "referral" to a specialist). This includes coordinating:
  - X-rays
  - Laboratory tests
  - Therapies
  - Care from doctors who are specialists

- Hospital admissions and
- Follow up care
- What is the role of the PCP in coordinating covered services?

Once your PCP determines you need care from a specialist, your PCP will coordinate a referral for you. Coordinating your services includes checking or consulting with other plan providers about your care and your progress. Some referrals do not require prior approval from your plan. Your PCP has a list of the specialists and providers you can use without obtaining prior approval. We call this a "Direct Referral".

• What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization, if applicable?

If a specialist is needed, but is not included on the Direct Referral list, you will need prior authorization from your plan. Your PCP is responsible for asking for the prior authorization. Section 2.3 below describes in more detail the process for obtaining prior authorization for care.

#### How to choose a PCP?

It is important that you take the time to carefully select your PCP as this is the individual who will be working most closely with you on your health care needs. If your current PCP is not in our network, Central Health Medicare Plan can assist you in identifying a PCP that meets your needs.

For assistance identifying and selecting a PCP, visit our website at <a href="https://www.centralhealthplan.com">www.centralhealthplan.com</a> or call the Member Services number on the back of your ID card. (Phone numbers for Member Services are also printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### How to change your PCP

You can change your PCP for any reason, at any time. It's also possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers, and you'd need to choose a new PCP. You may change your PCP by visiting our website at <a href="https://www.centralhealthplan.com">www.centralhealthplan.com</a> to find a new PCP and then by calling the Member Services number on the back of your ID card to request the change in PCP. (Phone numbers for Member Services are also printed on the back cover of this booklet.) Your new PCP assignment will take effect immediately upon receipt of your request. The same applies if you wish to change your IPA or medical group.

Changing your PCP may result in being limited to specific specialists and/or hospitals to which that PCP refers (i.e., sub-network, specialists, labs, radiology, etc.)

#### Section 2.2 Medical care you can get without a PCP referral

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP:

- Routine women's health care, including breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccines, Hepatitis B vaccines, and pneumonia vaccines as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers

- Urgently needed plan covered services, are services that require immediate medical attention (but not an emergency) if you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area of the plan, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're temporarily outside our plan's service area. If possible, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you're away.
- Annual physical exam from an in-network provider.

#### Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. For example:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

Some referrals to specialists and other providers do not require prior approval. Your PCP has a list of providers that you can be referred to directly. Before using these providers, please talk to your PCP first. If a specialist or other plan provider is not included on this list, prior authorization must be obtained. Your PCP is responsible for asking for prior authorization. Your PCP will submit the request to our plan's Utilization Management (UM) Department where a decision will be made about the request. The UM Department will notify you and your PCP in writing of the status of any request for prior authorization. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2 for information about which services require prior authorization. If your PCP is part of a medical group or Independent Provider Association (IPA) you may be required to use providers or specialists associated with the group or IPA. If there are specific specialists you want to see, find out whether your PCP sends patients to these specialists. Each plan PCP has certain plan specialists they use for referrals. This means that the PCP you select may determine the specialists you may see. You may generally change your PCP at any time if you want to see a plan specialist that your current PCP cannot refer you to. If there are specific hospitals you want to use, you must first find out whether your PCP or the doctors you will be seeing use those hospitals.

#### When a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors and specialists (providers) in our plan's network during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves our plan, you have these rights and protections:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that you have uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We'll notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to choose a new provider.
  - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we'll notify you if you have visited that provider within the past 3 years.
  - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we'll notify you if you're assigned to the provider, currently get care from them or visited them within the past 3 months.
- We'll help you choose a new qualified in-network provider continued care.

- If you're currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask to continue getting medically necessary treatment or therapies. We'll work with you so you can continue to get care.
- We'll give you information about available enrollment periods and options you may have for changing plans.
- When an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs, we'll arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network at in network cost sharing. Prior authorization may be required.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving our plan, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) so we can help you choose a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we haven't furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider, or that your care isn't being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality-of-care complaint to the QIO, a quality-of-care grievance to our plan, or both. (Go to Chapter 7)

#### Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers

Any out-of-network care that is not considered an emergency or out-of-area urgent care will not be covered without a prior authorization. To obtain prior authorization, you or your doctor may contact Member services for assistance. The plan also covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, we will authorize the appropriate out-of-network provider. You will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider.

# SECTION 3 How to get services in an emergency, disaster, or urgent need for care

#### Section 3.1 Get care if you have a medical emergency

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You don't need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You don't need to use a network doctor. You can get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the world.
- As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency. We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. (866) 314-2427, Hours are October 1 March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 September 30, Monday Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time..

#### Covered services in a medical emergency

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and when the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you're entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we'll try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

#### What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it wasn't an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we'll cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we'll cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these 2 ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules below for getting this urgent care.

#### Section 3.2 Get care when you have an urgent need for services

A service that requires immediate medical attention (but isn't an emergency) is an urgently needed service you're either temporarily outside our plan's service area, or if it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. However, medically necessary routine provider visits such as annual checkups, aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

For assistance in locating the nearest network Urgent Care Center, visit our website or contact Member Services using the number on the back of your ID card. (Phone numbers for Member Services are also printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances: You have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse. You will be responsible to pay for the services upfront. You must submit a reimbursement request. For more information on how to submit a reimbursement request, please see Chapter 5.

#### Section 3.3 Get care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you're still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit www.centralhealthplan.com for information on how to get needed care during a disaster.

If you can't use a network provider during a disaster, our plan will allow you to get care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

## SECTION 4 What if you're billed directly for the full cost of covered services?

If you have paid more than our plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you got a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, you can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services. Go to Chapter 5 for information about what to do.

#### Section 4.1 If services aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. If you get services that aren't covered by our plan or you get services out-of-network without authorization, you're responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you use up your benefit for that type of covered service. The cost of non-covered services or services that exceed a benefit limitation do not count toward the out-of-pocket maximum for your plan.

# **SECTION 5** Medical services in a clinical research study

#### Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically ask for volunteers to participate in the study. When you're in a clinical research study, you can stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (care that's not related to the study) through our plan.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of costs for the covered services you get as part of the study. If you tell us you're in a qualified clinical trial, then you're only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more—for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount—we'll reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. You'll need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you don't need to tell us or get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study don't need to be part of our plan's network. (This doesn't apply to covered benefits that include require a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit, including certain benefits requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational exemption device trials (IDE) studies. These benefits may also be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

While you don't need our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study not approved by Medicare, you'll be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.

#### Section 5.2 Who pays for services in a clinical research study

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you get as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it's part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare pays its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you'll pay the same amount for services you get as part of the study as you would if you got these services from our plan. However, you must submit documentation showing how much cost-sharing you paid. Go to Chapter 5 for more information on submitting requests for payments.

Example of cost sharing in a clinical trial: Let's say you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would notify our plan that you got a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation, (like a provider bill) to our plan. Our plan would then directly pay you \$10. This makes your net payment for the test \$10, the same amount you pay under our plan's benefits.

When you're in a clinical research study, neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:

- Generally, Medicare won't pay for the new item or service the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you weren't in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare won't pay for monthly CT scans done as part of a study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.
- Items and services provided by the research sponsors free-of-charge for people in the trial.

#### Get more information about joining a clinical research study

Get more information about joining a clinical research study in the Medicare publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies* available at <a href="https://www.Medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf">www.Medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2019-09/02226-medicare-and-clinical-research-studies.pdf</a>. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

# SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

#### Section 6.1 A religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is

against a member's religious beliefs, we'll instead cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

#### Section 6.2 How to get care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you're conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that's *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment you get that's *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan only covers non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care;
  - - and You must get approval in advance from our plan before you're admitted to the facility, or your stay won't be covered.

The same coverage rules for Medicare Inpatient Hospital limits apply to religious non-medical health care institutions. Please refer to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

# SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

# Section 7.1 You won't own some durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items like oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for members to use in the home. The member always owns some DME items, like prosthetics. Other types of DME you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), however, you usually **won't get ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan.** You won't get ownership even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call member services for more information.

#### What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you didn't get ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you'll have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare to own the DME item. The payments you made while enrolled in our plan don't count towards these 13 payments.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare don't count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You didn't get ownership of the item while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You'll have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you rejoin Original Medicare. Any payments you already made (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) don't count.

#### Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies and maintenance

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, the oxygen equipment must be returned.

#### What happens if you leave our plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for 5 years. During the first 36 months, you rent the equipment. For the remaining 24 months, the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you're still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After 5 years, you can choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the 5-year cycle starts over again, even if you stay with the same company, and you're again required to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the 5-year cycle starts over.

# **CHAPTER 4:**

# Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

## SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

The Medical Benefits Chart lists your covered services and shows how much you pay for each covered service as a member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO). This section also gives information about medical services that aren't covered and explains limits on certain services.

#### Section 1.1 Out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered services

Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered services include:

- **Copayment:** the fixed amount you pay each time you get certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance:** the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program don't pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. If you're in one of these programs, be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider.

#### Section 1.2 What's the most you'll pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Medicare Advantage Plans have limits on the total amount you have to pay out of pocket each year for in-network medical services covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. **For calendar year 2026 the MOOP amount is \$4,400.** 

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services don't count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$4,400, you won't have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

#### Section 1.3 Providers aren't allowed to balance bill you

As a member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), you have an important protection because you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers can't bill you for additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there's a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

#### Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

Here's how protection from balance billing works:

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
  - If you get the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by our plan's reimbursement rate (this is set in the contract between the provider and our plan).
  - If you get the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Our plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
  - If you get the covered services from an out-of-network provider who doesn't participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Our plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or for urgently needed services outside the service area.)

If you think a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).

# SECTION 2 The Medical Benefits Chart shows your medical benefits and costs

The Medical Benefits Chart on the next pages lists the services Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when these are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the Medicare coverage guidelines.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For new enrollees, your MA coordinated care plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during which time the new MA plan can't require prior authorization for any active course of treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that commenced with an out-of-network provider
- You get your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you get from an out-of-network provider won't be covered, unless it's emergency or urgent care or unless our plan or a network provider gave you a referral. This means you pay the provider in full for out-of-network services you get.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance (a referral) before you can see other providers in our plan's network.
- Some services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval from us in advance (sometimes called prior authorization). Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in italics.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

#### Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less.* (To learn more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, go to your *Medicare & You 2026* handbook. View it online at <a href="https://www.Medicare.gov">www.Medicare.gov</a> or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For preventive services covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover those services at no cost to you. However, if you're also treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you get the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care you got for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2026, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.



This apple shows preventive services in the Medical Benefit Chart.

#### **Medical Benefits Chart**

# Covered Services What you pay Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening

A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. Our plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### Acupuncture for chronic low back pain

Covered services include:

Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered under the following circumstances:

For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:

- Lasting 12 weeks or longer;
- nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.);
- · not associated with surgery; and
- not associated with pregnancy.

An additional 8 sessions will be covered for patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.

Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.

**Provider Requirements:** 

You pay a \$0 copay for Medicare-covered acupuncture, or the applicable professional cost-sharing if you receive services from a primary care physician or specialist.

See "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" for details.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### Chapter 4: Medical Benefits Chart (what's covered and what you pay)

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### Acupuncture for chronic low back pain

Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.

Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:

- a master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,
- a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.

Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.

#### **Acupuncture - Routine\***

Up to 30 routine acupuncture visits per year.

These 30 visits are combined with routine chiropractic visits.

You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### **Ambulance services**

Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or nonemergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they're furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by our plan. If the covered ambulance services aren't for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.

You pay a \$275 copay per trip for ground ambulance services.

You pay a \$0 copay for scheduled, non-emergency ground ambulance transfers between institutions including:

- Between acute hospitals
- Between skilled nursing facilities (SNFs)
- From an acute hospital to a skilled nursing facility (SNF)

Prior Authorization may be required.

You pay 20% coinsurance per trip for air ambulance services.

Prior Authorization may be required.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### **Worldwide Emergency Transportation Coverage\***

Coverage is provided for emergency transportation services received worldwide. (Worldwide refers to emergency care received outside of the United States and its territories). Emergency transportation must be provided by a licensed emergency transportation vehicle.

Services are covered worldwide under the same conditions of medical necessity and appropriateness that would have applied if the same services were provided within the United States and it's territories.

If you have an emergency outside of the U.S. and its territories, you will be responsible for paying the services rendered upfront. You must submit a discharge summary or equivalent medical documentation and proof of payment in English and U.S. dollars for reimbursement from Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO). We will review the documentation for medical necessity and appropriateness before reimbursement is made. We may not reimburse you for all out of pocket expenses.

If clinical notes are not in English, you will need to provide a certified translation. If payment invoice is not in U.S. dollars, reimbursement will be calculated using the exchange rate at the time the check is processed. Payments are tendered in U.S. dollars only. Monetary exchange rate fees, translations costs, postage, return travel to the U.S., and other non medical fees are not reimbursable.

You pay a \$130 copay per trip for worldwide emergency transportation services.

There is a \$50,000 per year annual maximum for worldwide services, including worldwide emergency, worldwide urgently needed, and worldwide emergency transportation services combined.

#### Annual routine physical exam\*

Annual Routine Physical Exam includes comprehensive physical examination and evaluation of status of chronic diseases. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests or diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart. Annual Routine Physical Exam is limited to one each year.

You pay a \$0 copay



#### Annual wellness visit

If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.

**Note**: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your *Welcome to Medicare* preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a *Welcome to Medicare* visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.

Prior Authorization may be required.
Referral may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay Bone mass measurement For qualified people (generally, this means people at risk of losing There is no coinsurance, copayment, bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are or deductible for Medicare-covered covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: bone mass measurement. procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine Prior Authorization may be required. bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results. Referral may be required. **Breast cancer screening (mammograms)** Covered services include: There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 mammograms. One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged Prior Authorization may be required. 40 and older Clinical breast exams once every 24 months Referral may be required. Cardiac rehabilitation services Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that You pay a \$0 copay per visit for include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members cardiac rehabilitation. who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. Prior Authorization may be required. Our plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that Referral may be required. are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation You pay a \$0 copay per visit for programs. intensive cardiac rehabilitation. Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

# Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)

We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

Covered Services	What you pay
Cardiovascular disease screening tests	
Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
Cervical and vaginal cancer screening	
<ul> <li>Covered services include:</li> <li>For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
<ul> <li>If you're at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you're of</li> </ul>	Prior Authorization may be required.
childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months	Referral may be required.
Chiropractic services	
Covered services include:	You pay a \$0 copay per visit.
We cover only Manual manipulation of the spine to correct	Prior Authorization may be required.
subluxation	Referral may be required.
Chiropractic Services - Routine Care*	
Up to 30 routine chiropractic visits per year.	You pay a \$0 copay
These 30 visits are combined with routine acupuncture visits.	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
Chronic pain management and treatment services	
Covered monthly services for people living with chronic pain (persistent or recurring pain lasting longer than 3 months). Services may include pain assessment, medication management, and care coordination and planning.	Cost sharing for this service will vary depending on individual services provided under the course of treatment.
	Please refer below to Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits for cost share information.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay



#### **Colorectal cancer screening**

The following screening tests are covered:

- Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who aren't at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high-risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy.
- Computed tomography colonography for patients 45 year and older who are not at high risk of colorectal cancer and is covered when at least 59 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography was performed or 47 months have passed following the month in which the last screening flexible sigmoidoscopy or screening colonoscopy was performed. For patients at high risk for colorectal cancer, payment may be made for a screening computed tomography colonography performed after at least 23 months have passed following the month in which the last screening computed tomography colonography or the last screening colonoscopy was performed.
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient got a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high-risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or computer tomography colonography.
- Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.
- Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.
- Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.
- Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam and you pay a \$0 copay.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### **Dental services**

In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental You pay a \$0 copay for exams, and dental x-rays) aren't covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a person's primary medical condition. Examples include reconstruction of the jaw after a fracture or injury, tooth

Medicare-covered dental services.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Covered Services	What you pay
Dental services	
extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams prior to organ transplantation. In addition, we cover:	
Preventive Dental	
Oral Exam	You pay a \$0 copay.
Dental X-Rays	You pay a \$0 copay.
Other Diagnostic Dental Services	You pay a \$0 - \$6 copay.
<ul> <li>Prophylaxis (Cleaning)</li> </ul>	You pay a \$0 copay.
Fluoride Treatment	You pay a \$0 copay.
Other Preventive Dental Services	You pay a \$0 - \$20 copay.
Comprehensive Dental Services	
Restorative Services	You pay a \$25 - \$400 copay.
• Endodontics	You pay a \$25 - \$720 copay.
• Periodontics	You pay a \$0 - \$780 copay.
<ul> <li>Prosthodontics, removable</li> </ul>	You pay a \$0 - \$600 copay.
Implant Services	You pay a \$45 - \$2,160 copay.
<ul> <li>Prosthodontics, fixed</li> </ul>	You pay a \$0 - \$840 copay.
Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	You pay a \$0 - \$380 copay.
Adjunctive General Services	You pay a \$0 - \$300 copay.
Benefits may be subject to exclusions and limitations per the ADA code guidelines.	Prior Authorization may be required
See your dental Evidence of Coverage for more detailed benefit information.	
Depression screening	

We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must There is no coinsurance, copayment, be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment or deductible for an annual and/or referrals.

depression screening visit.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay



#### **Diabetes screening**

We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of these risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

You may be eligible for up to 2 diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test.

#### Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies

For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:

• Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: blood glucose monitor, You pay a \$0 copay blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.

Prior Authorization may be required.

• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: one pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and 2 additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and 3 pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.

You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required.

• Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.

You pay a \$0 copay

Certain diabetic supplies, including blood glucose testing

Prior Authorization may be required.

products, are limited to specific brands and manufacturers. The preferred diabetic products are Trividia Health brands (TrueMetrix). The most recent list of these diabetic supplies is available on our website.

We cover diabetic supplies from a preferred manufacturer without a Prior Authorization.

Referral may be required.

#### Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies

(For a definition of durable medical equipment, go to Chapter 10 and Chapter 3)

You pay \$0 for items \$100 or less and 20% coinsurance for items greater than \$100.

Covered items include, but are not limited to, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.

Multiple DME units that come in an unbreakable package will be counted as one item

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies

We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area doesn't carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at <a href="https://www.centralhealthplan.com">www.centralhealthplan.com</a>.

Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance, every month.

Your cost sharing won't change after you're enrolled for 36 months.

Prior Authorization may be required.

#### **Emergency care**

Emergency care refers to services that are:

- Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and
- Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that's quickly getting worse.

Cost sharing for necessary emergency services you get out-of-network is the same as when you get these services in-network.

#### **Worldwide Emergency Coverage\***

The plan covers emergency care received worldwide (Worldwide includes emergency care received outside of the Unites States and its' territories).

Services are covered worldwide under the same conditions of medical necessity and appropriateness that would have applied if the same services were provided within the United States and it's territories.

If you have an emergency outside of the U.S. and its territories, you will be responsible for paying the services rendered upfront. You must submit a discharge summary or equivalent medical documentation and proof of payment in English and U.S. dollars for reimbursement from Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) We will review the documentation for medical necessity and appropriateness before reimbursement is made. We may not reimburse you for all out of pocket expenses.

If clinical notes are not in English, you will need to provide a certified translation. If payment invoice is not in U.S. dollars, reimbursement will be calculated using the exchange rate at the time the check is

You pay a \$130 copay for all emergency services.

If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital for your care to continue to be covered OR you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by our plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.

You pay a \$130 copay per visit for worldwide emergency services.

You will be responsible to pay for the services upfront and then submit a reimbursement request.

There is a \$50,000 per year annual maximum for worldwide services, including worldwide emergency, worldwide urgently needed, and worldwide emergency transportation services combined.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### **Emergency care**

processed. Payments are tendered in U.S. dollars only. Monetary exchange rate fees, translations costs, postage, return travel to the U.S., and other non-medical fees are not reimbursable.



#### Health and wellness education programs

#### Fitness Benefit\*

You get a fitness center membership to participating fitness centers. If you are unable to visit a fitness center or prefer to also work out from home, you can select a Home Fitness kit. The kit will help you keep active in the comfort of your home. Home Fitness options include choice of fitness tracker, strength or yoga kits.

If you choose to work out at a fitness center, you can view the website and select a participating location, or you can go directly to a participating fitness center to get started. Participating facilities and fitness chains may vary by location and are subject to change. Kits are subject to change.

You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### **Health Education\***

Health Education classes are offered in group settings and as in-home 1-on-1 trainings for the homebound. Health Education materials are also provided, along with live telephonic coaching, real time interventions, feedback, and goal setting.

You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Enhanced Disease Management\* - We have two programs:

- Diabetes Disease Management Program-We provide you quarterly diabetes education classes, newsletter articles, care gap letters and follow up phone calls, and disease coaching. We perform routine monitoring on HbA1C when results are available, and, when appropriate, make referrals to the care coordination team.
- Hyperlipidemia Project We provide quarterly newsletter articles, care gap letters and follow up phone calls, and disease coaching. We perform routine monitoring of statin medication adherence for members with CAD, and when appropriate, make referrals to the care coordination team.

#### You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required.
Referral may be required.

#### **Hearing services**

Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.

You pay a \$0 copay for each Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing exam.

Covered Services	What you pay
Hearing services	
Hearing aids* In addition to Medicare-covered benefits, we also cover the following	You pay a \$0 copay for up to one routine hearing exam every year.
<ul> <li>Routine hearing exams*: one exam every year.</li> <li>Hearing aid fitting evaluations*: One fitting evaluation every year</li> <li>Hearing aids* up to two hearing aids every year</li> <li>Our plan has contracted with approved vendors to provide your non-Medicare-covered hearing services. You must obtain your hearing</li> </ul>	You pay a \$0 copay for up to one Hearing Aid Fitting/Evaluation visit every year.
	\$575 per hearing aid for the entry model
	\$699 copay per hearing aid for the basic model
aids through approved vendors.  Please contact Member Services for help accessing this benefit (phone	\$999 copay per hearing aid for the prime model
numbers are printed on the back of this document).	\$1,399 copay per hearing aid for the preferred model
	\$1,599 copay per hearing aid for the advanced model
	\$2,099 per hearing aid for the premium model
	Prior Authorization may be required.
HIV screening	
For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:	or deductible for members eligible
One screening exam every 12 months	for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.
If you are pregnant, we cover:	Prior Authorization may be required.
<ul> <li>Up to 3 screening exams during a pregnancy</li> </ul>	Referral may be required.
Home health agency care	
Before you get home health services, a doctor must certify that you	You pay a \$0 copay per visit.
need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which	Prior Authorization may be required.
means leaving home is a major effort.	Referral may be required.
Covered services include, but aren't limited to:	
<ul> <li>Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)</li> </ul>	

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### Home health agency care

- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Medical and social services
- Medical equipment and supplies

#### Home infusion therapy

Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to a person at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).

You pay 20% coinsurance per visit, unless capped by Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) rules.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Covered services include, but aren't limited to:

- Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with our plan of care
- Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit
- · Remote monitoring
- Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier

#### **Hospice care**

You're eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Our plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in our plan's service area, including programs we own, control, or have a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.

Covered services include:

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to stay in our plan; if you stay in our plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.

For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or B that are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice

When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO).

Hospice consultations are included as part of inpatient hospital care. Physician service cost-sharing may apply for outpatient consultations.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### **Hospice care**

services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you're in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services Original Medicare pays for. You'll be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.

For services covered by Medicare Part A or B not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B that aren't related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (like if there's a requirement to get prior authorization).

- If you get the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for getting service, you pay only our plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services
- If you get the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Original Medicare

For services covered by Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) but not covered by Medicare Part A or B: Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) will continue to cover plan-covered services that aren't covered under Part A or B whether or not they're related to your terminal prognosis. You pay our plan cost-sharing amount for these services.

**Note:** If you need non-hospice care (care that's not related to your terminal prognosis), contact us to arrange the services.

Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.



#### **Immunizations**

Covered Medicare Part B services include:

- · Pneumonia vaccines
- Flu/influenza shots (or vaccines), once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots (or vaccines) if medically necessary
- Hepatitis B vaccines if you're at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B
- COVID-19 vaccines
- Other vaccines if you're at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, flu/influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay

#### In-home meal program (for members post-discharge or homebound)\*

This benefit is meant to keep you healthy and strong after an Inpatient You pay a \$0 copay Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) stay, or for a medical condition or potential medical condition that requires you to remain at home for a period of time. Your Case Manager or your doctor will decide if you are in need of this benefit. Your doctor can request this benefit for you if you have certain chronic conditions.

Prior Authorization may be required.

This benefit provides 2 meals a day for 14 days with a total of 28 meals delivered. Meal types will be based on any dietary needs you may have. You may also qualify for an additional 28 meals over 14 days with approval. Plan maximum coverage of 4 weeks, and up to 56 meals every calendar year applies.

Your Case Manager will order your meals for you and they will be delivered to your home. The first delivery usually arrives within 72 hours (3 business days) of order processing. You will be contacted in advance of the delivery date(s).

#### In-home meal program (for members with a qualifying chronic condition)\*

To qualify for this benefit, you must have a diagnosis of diabetes, chronic heart failure, cardiovascular disorders (limited to cardiac arrhythmias, coronary artery disease, peripheral vascular disease and chronic venous thromboembolic disorder), dementia or chronic lung disorders.

You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required.

- You get ready-to-heat-and-eat frozen meals delivered to your
- You'll get 15 meals delivered once a week.
- You can use this meal benefit each week for 6 weeks.

#### **Additional Meals**

- Get additional meals at a value price when you order a minimum 10 meals per week.
- You can use this benefit up 3 times in a calendar year for total of 30 meals.

You pay \$5 per additional meal

#### To get started:

 Call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### Inpatient hospital care

Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you're formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you're discharged is your last inpatient day.

There is no limit to the number of additional days covered.

Covered services include but aren't limited to:

- Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals including special diets
- Regular nursing services
- Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)
- Drugs and medications
- Lab tests
- X-rays and other radiology services
- Necessary surgical and medical supplies
- Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs
- Operating and recovery room costs
- Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy
- Inpatient substance abuse services
- Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we'll arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you're a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to get transplants at this distant location, we'll arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. Transportation and lodging expenses will need to be paid upfront, and we will reimburse reasonable expenses. You must submit receipts and proof of payment along with a request for reimbursement. We will review the documentation before reimbursement is made. We may not reimburse you for all expenses. Please see Chapter 7 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

You pay a \$150 copay per day for days 1 - 6

You pay a \$0 copay per day for days 7 - 90.

You pay a \$0 copay per lifetime reserve day.

You pay a \$0 copay per day for days 91 and beyond.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

Medicare hospital benefit periods do not apply. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is considered a new admission.

If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the highest cost sharing you'd pay at a network hospital.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### Inpatient hospital care

- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood you need.
- Physician services

**Note:** To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an *outpatient*. If you're not sure if you're an inpatient or an outpatient, ask the hospital staff.

Get more information Medicare fact sheet *Medicare Hospital Benefits*. This fact sheet is available at <a href="https://www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf">www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

#### Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital

Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.

- There is a 190 day lifetime limit for stays at an inpatient psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.
- Our plan covers 90 days for an inpatient hospital stay.
- Our plan also covers 60 "lifetime reserve days." These are "extra" days per day for days 1–60 that we cover. If your hospital stay is longer than 90 days, you can use these extra days. However, once you have used up these extra 60 days, your inpatient hospital coverage will be limited to 90 days.

You pay a \$150 copay per day for days 1 - 6
You pay a \$0 copay per day for days 7 - 90.

Medicare hospital benefit periods are used to determine the total number of days covered for inpatient mental health care that count toward the 190-day lifetime limit. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.) However, the cost sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital, even if you are admitted multiple times within a benefit period.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

## Inpatient stay: Covered services you get in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay

If you've used up your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay isn't reasonable and necessary, we won't cover your inpatient stay. In some cases, we'll cover certain services you get while you're in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but aren't limited to:

When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections:

#### **Covered Services** What you pay

#### Inpatient stay: Covered services you get in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay

- Physician services
- Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)
- X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services
- Surgical dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices
- Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition
- Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy

Please refer below to Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.

Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.

Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.

Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.



#### **Medical nutrition therapy**

This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.

We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during the first year you get medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to get more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.



#### **Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)**

#### MDPP services are covered for eligible people under all Medicare There is no coinsurance, copayment, health plans.

MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

or deductible for the MDPP benefit.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### **Medicare Part B drugs**

These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:

- Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services
- Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump)
- Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by our plan
- The Alzheimer's drug, Leqembi® (generic name lecanemab), which is administered intravenously. In addition to medication costs, you may need additional scans and tests before and/or during treatment that could add to your overall costs. Talk to your doctor about what scans and tests you may need as part of your treatment
- Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia
- Transplant/immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs.
- Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you're homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and can't self-administer the drug
- Some antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision
- Certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug) of the injectable drug.
- Oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti-nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug
- Certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs covered under Medicare Part B

You pay 20% coinsurance, up to a \$35 copay (whichever is lower) for a one-month supply of any Part B insulin on our formulary.

You pay 20% coinsurance for Part B chemotherapy/radiation drugs, unless capped by inflation reduction act (IRA) rules.

You pay 20% coinsurance for other Part B drugs, unless capped by inflation reduction act (IRA) rules.

Your costs may be less if limited by CMS rules.

Some drugs may be subject to step therapy.

Prior Authorization may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay

#### **Medicare Part B drugs**

- Calcimimetic and phosphate binder medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv and the oral medication Sensipar
- Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary and topical anesthetics
- Erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Retacrit® and Aranesp®)
- Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases
- Parenteral and enteral nutrition (intravenous and tube feeding)

This link will take you to a list of Part B drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: www.centralhealthplan.com

We also cover some vaccines under our Part B prescription drug benefit.

#### **Nursing Hotline\***

24/7 Nurse Advice Line staffed by registered nurses. Nurses will triage conditions and assist members in determining next steps for medical concerns. When applicable, nurses will talk with qualified providers as needed.

You pay a \$0 copay Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.



#### Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss

If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### **Opioid treatment program services**

Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can get coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:

 U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications.

You pay a \$0 copay per visit.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### **Opioid treatment program services**

- Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable)
- Substance use counseling
- Individual and group therapy
- Toxicology testing
- Intake activities
- Periodic assessments

#### Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies

Covered services include, but aren't limited to:

- X-rays
- Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies
- Surgical supplies, such as dressings
- Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Laboratory tests
- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood you need.
- Other outpatient diagnostic tests

You pay a \$0 copay diagnostic procedures and tests

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$0 copay for lab services

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay 20% coinsurance for therapeutic radiological services

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$0 copay for Ultrasound, other general imaging, diagnostic DEXA scans and diagnostic mammograms.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$100 copay for MRI, CT, and PET scans.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$0 copay for X-ray services

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay **Outpatient hospital observation** Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to You pay for diagnostic colonoscopies determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be in an outpatient setting and a \$295 discharged. copay for all other services For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must Prior Authorization may be required. meet Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Referral may be required. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another person authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests. **Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask the hospital staff. Get more information Medicare fact sheet Medicare Hospital Benefits. This fact sheet is available at <a href="https://www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-">www.Medicare.gov/publications/11435-</a>

#### **Outpatient hospital services**

We cover medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE

Covered services include, but aren't limited to:

(1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

- Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery
- Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital
- Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it
- X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
- Medical supplies such as splints and casts
- Certain drugs and biologicals you can't give yourself

**Note:** Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you aren't sure if you're an outpatient, ask the hospital staff.

You pay a \$0 copay for colonoscopies in an outpatient setting and a \$295 copay for all other services

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

Covered Services	What you pay
Outpatient mental health care	
Covered services include:	
Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.	
Services provided by a psychiatrist	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for individual sessions with a psychiatrist.
	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for group sessions with a psychiatrist.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for individual sessions with other mental health care providers.
	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for group sessions with other mental health care providers.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
Outpatient rehabilitation services	
Covered services include physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.  Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for physical therapy or speech language therapy.
settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent	Prior Authorization may be required.
therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	Referral may be required.
	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for occupational therapy.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
Outpatient substance use disorder services	
You are covered for treatment of substance abuse, as covered by Original Medicare.	You pay a \$0 copay per visit for Individual Sessions.

Covered Services	What you pay
Outpatient substance use disorder services	
	You pay a \$10 copay per visit for Group Sessions.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers	
<b>Note:</b> If you're having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you'll be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you're an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you	You pay a \$0 copay for diagnostic colonoscopies in an outpatient setting and a \$295 copay for all other services
	Prior Authorization may be required.
might still be considered an <i>outpatient</i> .	Referral may be required.
	You pay a \$0 copay for diagnostic colonoscopies in an ambulatory surgical center.
	You pay a \$0 copay for all other services.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.
Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services	
Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community	You pay a \$85 copay per day.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
mental health center, that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's, therapist's, office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.	Referral may be required.
Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that's more intense than care you get in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense the care received in your doctor's, therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	

# Personal Emergency Response System (PERS)\* You will have access to an advanced medical alert system. Your PERS device helps independent adults balance freedom and safety while connecting you to everyone in your care circle – including doctors, nurses, family, and friends. What you pay You pay \$0 for a mobile PERS device with GPS and fall detection, 24/7/365 monitoring Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits

Covered services include:

- Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services you get in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location
- · Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist
- Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP or specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment
- Certain telehealth services, including: Cardiac Rehabilitation Services, Primary Care Physician Services, Chiropractic Services, Occupational Therapy Services, Physician Specialist Services, Individual Sessions for Mental Health Specialty Services, Group Sessions for Mental Health Specialty Services, Podiatry Services, Other Health Care Professional Services, Individual Sessions for Psychiatric Services, Group Sessions for Psychiatric Services, Physical Therapy and Speech-Language Pathology Services, Opioid Treatment Program Services, Individual Sessions for Outpatient Substance Abuse, and Group Sessions for Outpatient Substance Abuse.
  - You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. You may access telehealth services via telephone, internet, or a mobile application.
- Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare
- Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home

You pay a \$0 copay for PCP office visits

You pay a \$0 copay for specialist office visits

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$0 - \$10 copay for telehealth visits, depending on the type of provider you see. Your cost share for telehealth visits will be the same as an office visit with that same type of provider. For example, if you have a telehealth visit with a specialist, then your cost share will be a \$0 copay

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits

- Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location
- Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location
- Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if:
  - You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit
  - You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services
  - Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances
- Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers
- Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes **if**:
  - You're not a new patient and
  - The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and
  - The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment
- Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if:
  - You're not a new patient and
  - The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past
     7 days and
  - The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment
- Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record
- Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery

#### **Podiatry services**

Covered services include:

- Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)
- Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs

You pay a \$0 copay

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay



#### Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention

If you don't have HIV, but your doctor or other health care practitioner There is no coinsurance, copayment, determines you're at an increased risk for HIV, we cover pre-exposure or deductible for the PrEP benefit prophylaxis (PrEP) medication and related services.

If you qualify, covered services include:

- FDA-approved oral or injectable PrEP medication. If you're getting an injectable drug, we also cover the fee for injecting the drug.
- Up to 8 individual counseling sessions (including HIV risk assessment, HIV risk reduction, and medication adherence) every 12 months.
- Up to 8 HIV screenings every 12 months.

A one-time hepatitis B virus screening.



#### **Prostate cancer screening exams**

For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following once every 12 months:

- Digital rectal exam
- Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test

You pay a \$0 copay for a digital rectal

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related supplies

Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but aren't limited to testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices; as well as: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic and orthotic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – go to Vision Care later in this table for more detail.

You pay a \$0 copay for items \$100 or less and 20% coinsurance for items greater than \$100.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Covered Services	What you pay
Pulmonary rehabilitation services	
Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.	You pay a \$0 copay per visit.  Prior Authorization may be required.  Referral may be required.



#### Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse

We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent.

If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)

For qualified people, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.

Eligible members are people age 50 – 77 who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who get an order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.

For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the members must get an order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for later lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.



#### **Screening for Hepatitis C Virus infection**

We cover one Hepatitis C screening if your primary care doctor or other qualified health care provider orders one and you meet one of or deductible for the these conditions:

There is no coinsurance, copayment,

#### Covered Services What you pay



#### **Screening for Hepatitis C Virus infection**

- You're at high risk because you use or have used illicit injection drugs.
- You had a blood transfusion before 1992.
- You were born between 1945-1965.

If you were born between 1945-1965 and aren't considered high risk, we pay for a screening once. If you're at high risk (for example, you've continued to use illicit injection drugs since your previous negative Hepatitis C screening test), we cover yearly screenings.

Medicare-covered screening for the Hepatitis C Virus.

# Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs

We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.

We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Services to treat kidney disease

Covered services include:

- Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to 6 sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime
- Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible)
- Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)
- Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)

You pay 20% coinsurance for renal dialysis

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$0 copay for kidney disease education

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### **Covered Services** What you pay

#### Services to treat kidney disease

- Home dialysis equipment and supplies
- Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)

Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under Medicare Part B. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, go to Medicare Part B drugs in this table..

#### Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care

(For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, go to Chapter 12. Skilled You pay a \$0 copay nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)

Our plan covers up to 100 days in a SNF. A prior hospital stay is not required.

Covered services include but aren't limited to:

- Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals, including special diets
- Skilled nursing services
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy
- Drugs administered to you as part of our plan of care (this includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)
- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood you need.
- Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs
- X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Physician/Practitioner services

Generally, you get SNF care from network facilities. Under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.

- A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)
- A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital

per day for days 1-20

Up to \$209.50 copay per day for days 21–100

You pay 100% of the total cost for days 101 and beyond.

These are 2025 cost-sharing amounts and may change for 2026. Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) will provide updated rates as soon as they are released.

You pay 100% of the total cost for days 101 and beyond

For each Medicare-covered SNF stay, you are required to pay the applicable cost sharing, starting with Day 1 each time you are admitted.

The copays for skilled nursing facility (SNF) benefits are based on benefit periods. A benefit period begins the day you're admitted as an inpatient in a SNF and ends when you are discharged from the SNF. If you go into a SNF after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. For each SNF stay, you are required to pay the applicable cost sharing, starting with Day 1 each time you are admitted. There's no

Covered Services	What you pay
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care	
	limit to the number of benefit periods.
	Prior Authorization may be required.
	Referral may be required.

Smoking and tobacco use cessation counseling is covered for outpatient and hospitalized patients who meet these criteria:

- Use tobacco, regardless of whether they exhibit signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease
- Are competent and alert during counseling
- A qualified physician or other Medicare-recognized practitioner provides counseling

We cover 2 cessation attempts per year (each attempt may include a maximum of 4 intermediate or intensive sessions, with the patient getting up to 8 sessions per year.)

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.

Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.

#### Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)

SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.

Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.

The SET program must:

- Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication
- Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office
- Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD
- Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques

SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.

You pay a \$0 copay per visit.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

#### Covered Services What you pay

#### **Urgently needed services**

A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that's not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you're temporarily outside our plan's service area, or, even if you're inside our plan's service area, it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Our plan must cover urgently needed services and only charge you in-network cost sharing. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits (like annual checkups aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

#### **Urgently Needed Services - Worldwide Coverage\***

Services are covered worldwide under the same conditions of medical necessity and appropriateness that would have applied if the same services were provided within the United States and it's territories.

If you have an emergency outside of the U.S. and its territories, you will be responsible for paying the services rendered upfront. You must submit a discharge summary or equivalent medical documentation and proof of payment in English and U.S. dollars for reimbursement from Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) We will review the documentation for medical necessity and appropriateness before reimbursement is made. We may not reimburse you for all out of pocket expenses.

If clinical notes are not in English, you will need to provide a certified translation. If payment invoice is not in U.S. dollars, reimbursement will be calculated using the exchange rate at the time the check is processed. Payments are tendered in U.S. dollars only. Monetary exchange rate fees, translations costs, postage, return travel to the U.S., and other non-medical fees are not reimbursable.

You pay a \$0 copay per visit.

You pay a \$130 copay per visit for worldwide urgently needed services.

You will be responsible to pay for the services upfront and then submit a reimbursement request.

There is a \$50,000 per year annual maximum for worldwide services, including worldwide emergency, worldwide urgently needed, and worldwide emergency transportation services combined.



#### Vision care

#### Covered services include:

 Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/ contacts. You pay a \$0 copay per visit for Medicare-covered eye exams, Medicare-covered glaucoma screenings, and Medicare-covered diabetic retinopathy screenings.

Covered Services	What you pay
Vision care	
<ul> <li>For people who are at high risk for glaucoma, we cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older</li> </ul>	Prior Authorization may be required. Referral may be required.
<ul> <li>For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. If you have 2 separate cataract operations, you can't reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase 2 eyeglasses after the second surgery.</li> </ul>	You pay a \$0 copay for one pair of Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.
Retinal imaging*	You pay a \$0 copay for retinal imaging.
	Limited to 1 visit every year.
Routine eye exam*	You pay a \$0 copay for a routine eye exam.
	Limited to 1 visit every year.
Routine eye exams provided by select providers. Review Provider Directory to find a Vision provider.	
<ul> <li>Eyewear allowance for glasses (frame and lenses) or contact lenses (in lieu of eyeglasses) from a network provider up to \$400 every year. You are responsible for any amounts beyond the allowance.</li> </ul>	
Welcome to Medicare preventive visit	



#### Welcome to Medicare preventive visit

Our plan covers the one-time **Welcome to Medicare** preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.

**Important:** We cover the **Welcome to Medicare** preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you want to schedule your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.

Prior Authorization may be required.

Referral may be required.

You pay a \$0 copay per visit.

Prior Authorization may be required.

# Covered Services What you pay Welcome to Medicare preventive visit

welcome to medicare preventive visit

Referral may be required.

#### SECTION 3 Services that aren't covered by our plan (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, aren't covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either aren't covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you get the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan won't pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Covered only under specific conditions
Cosmetic surgery or procedures	Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member
	Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance
Custodial care	Not covered under any condition
Custodial care is personal care that doesn't require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications	May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan
Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to	(Go to Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies)

Services not covered by Medicare	Covered only under specific conditions
not be generally accepted by the medical community	
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household	Not covered under any condition
Full-time nursing care in your home	Not covered under any condition
Home-delivered meals	See above medical benefit chart for a description of your home-delivered meals benefit.
Homemaker services include basic household help, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	Not covered under any condition
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments)	Not covered under any condition
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet	Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with, diabetic foot disease
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television	Not covered under any condition
Private room in a hospital	Covered only when medically necessary.
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies	Not covered under any condition
Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids	Not covered under any condition
Routine foot care	Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes)
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition

#### **CHAPTER 5:**

# Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services

#### **SECTION 1** Situations when you should ask us to pay our share for covered services

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find you pay more than you expected under the coverage rules of our plan, or you may get a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (reimburse you). It's your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Go to Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you got or for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in this material. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that doesn't work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We'll look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we'll pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we'll notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you got:

## 1. When you've got emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who's not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can got emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases,

- You're only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care.
- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you get the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment you think you don't owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we'll pay the provider directly.
  - If you already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we'll determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### 2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you shouldn't pay

Network providers should always bill our plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

#### Chapter 5: Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We don't allow
  providers to add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection (that you
  never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the
  provider charges for a service and even if there's a dispute and we don't pay certain provider
  charges.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We'll contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you already paid a bill to a network provider, but feel you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under our plan.

#### 3. If you're retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in our plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

When you send us a request for payment, we'll review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a **coverage decision**. If we decide it should be covered, we'll pay for our share of the cost for the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 has information about how to make an appeal.

#### SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or pay a bill you got

You can ask us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you've made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within one year** of the date you got the service or item.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Medical Services Claims Central Health Medicare Plan Medicare Advantage Claims Attn: Medicare Member Services 200 Oceangate Ste. 100 Long Beach, CA 90802

#### SECTION 3 We'll consider your request for payment and say yes or no

When we get your request for payment, we'll let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we'll consider your request and make a coverage decision.

• If we decide the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll pay for our share of the cost. If you already paid for the service, we'll mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you haven't paid for the service yet, we'll mail the payment directly to the provider.

#### Chapter 5: Asking us to pay our share of a bill for covered medical services

• If we decide the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we won't pay for our share of the cost. We'll send you a letter explaining the reasons why we aren't sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

# Section 3.1 If we tell you that we won't pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we're paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you're asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7.

#### **CHAPTER 6:**

### Your rights and responsibilities

#### SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities

Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, braille, large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Our plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how our plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but aren't limited to, provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you materials in languages other than English including Spanish and braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We're required to give you information about our plan's benefits in a format that's accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in our plan's network for a specialty aren't available, it's our plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you'll only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call our plan for information on where to go get this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that's accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialist or finding a network specialist, call to file a grievance with Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users should call 711). You can also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Su plan está obligado a garantizar que todos los servicios, tanto clínicos como no clínicos, se proporcionen de manera competente desde el punto de vista cultural y sean accesibles para todos los afiliados, incluidos los que tienen un nivel de inglés o una capacidad de ejemplos de cómo un plan puede cumplir con estos requisitos de accesibilidad son, entre otros, proporcionar servicios de traducción, servicios de interpretación, teletipos o conexión TTY (teléfono de texto o teletipo).

Nuestro plan cuenta con servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponible para responder a las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés. Es posible que nuestras comunicaciones con usted estén disponibles en varios idiomas. Para recibir ciertos materiales en el idioma que prefiera, puede indicarlos en su solicitud de inscripción o llamar a Servicios para miembros (los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada

de este folleto). Tenga en cuenta que los materiales más largos, como este folleto, están disponibles solo en inglés y español. También podemos brindarle información en sistema Braille, en letra grande o en formatos alternativos de forma gratuita si lo requiere. Debemos brindarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted. Para obtener información de parte de nosotros en un formato que le sea conveniente, llame Servicios para Miembros.

Nuestro plan está obligado a ofrecer a las mujeres afiliadas la opción de acceder directamente a un especialista en salud de la mujer dentro de la red para los servicios de atención médica de rutina y preventiva para mujeres.

Si no hay proveedores disponibles en la red del plan para una especialidad, es responsabilidad del plan localizar proveedores especializados fuera de la red que le proporcionen la atención médica necesaria. En este caso, solo pagará los gastos compartidos dentro de la red. Si se encuentra en una situación en la que no hay especialistas en la red del plan que cubran un servicio que usted necesita, llame al plan para que le informen dónde acudir para obtener ese servicio con los costos de gastos compartidos dentro de la red.

Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, para ver a especialistas en salud de la mujer o para encontrar un especialista de la red, llame para presentar una queja ante Servicios para miembros al (866) 314-2427 (los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 711). También puede presentar un reclamo ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente ante la Oficina de Derechos Civiles al 1-800-368-1019 o TTY 1-800-537-7697.

#### Section 1.2 We must ensure you get timely access to covered services

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from our plan's network of providers within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think you aren't getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

#### Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your *personal health information* includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information [Plans are permitted to include the Notice of Privacy Practices as required under the HIPAA Privacy Rule (45 C.F.R. § 164.520).].

#### How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

• We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.

- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you've given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that don't require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - We're required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you're a member of our plan through Medicare, we're required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

#### You can see the information in your records and know how it's been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held by our plan, and to get a copy of your records. We're allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that aren't routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).

### Section 1.4 We must give you information about our plan, our network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711):

- Information about our plan. This includes, for example, information about our plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage. Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it. Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service isn't covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

### Section 1.5 You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

#### You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all your choices.** You have the right to be told about all treatment options recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they're covered by our plan.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. If you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

## You have the right to give instructions about what's to be done if you can't make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you're in this situation. This means, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

Legal documents you can use to give directions in advance in these situations are called **advance directives**. Documents like a **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

#### How to set up an advance directive to give instructions:

- **Get a form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, a social worker, or some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare.
- **Fill out the form and sign it.** No matter where you get this form, it's a legal document. Consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies of the form to the right people.** Give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you're going to be hospitalized, and you signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

- The hospital will ask whether you signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you didn't sign an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Filling out an advance directive is your choice** (including whether you want to sign one if you're in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you signed an advance directive.

#### If your instructions aren't followed

If you sign an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can file a complaint. If you wish to file a complaint against a doctor, you may contact the Medical Board of California at 1-800-633-2322. If you wish to file a complaint against a hospital, you may file a complaint with the California Department of Public Health Licensing and Certification at <a href="https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CHCQ/LCP/CalHealthFind/Pages/Complaint.aspx">https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CHCQ/LCP/CalHealthFind/Pages/Complaint.aspx</a>.

#### Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider decisions we made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to ask for coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do — ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint — **we're required to treat you fairly**.

#### Section 1.7 If you believe you're being treated unfairly, or your rights aren't being respected

If you believe you've been treated unfairly or your rights haven't been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY users call 1-800-537-7697), or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you believe you've been treated unfairly or your rights haven't been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you're having from these places:

Call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711)

• Call your local SHIP at Fresno and Madera Counties:

(559) 224-9117

Imperial County:

(760) 353-0223

Kern County:

(661) 868-1000

Kings and Tulare Counties:

(559) 713-2875 / (800) 434-0222

Los Angeles County:

(213) 383-4519

Orange County:

(714) 560-0424

Riverside and San Bernardino Counties:

(909)-256-8369

Sacramento County:

(800) 434-0222 / (916) 376-8915

San Diego County:

(858) 565-8772

San Francisco County:

(415) 677-7520

San Joaquin County:

(209) 470-7812

San Mateo County:

(650) 627-9350

Santa Clara County:

(408) 350-3200

• Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048).

#### Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights

Get more information about your rights from these places:

• Call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711)

• Call your local SHIP at Fresno and Madera Counties:

(559) 224-9117

Imperial County:

(760) 353-0223

Kern County:

(661) 868-1000

Kings and Tulare Counties:

(559) 713-2875 / (800) 434-0222

Los Angeles County:

(213) 383-4519

**Orange County:** 

(714) 560-0424

Riverside and San Bernardino Counties:

(909)-256-8369

Sacramento County:

(800) 434-0222 / (916) 376-8915

San Diego County:

(858) 565-8772

San Francisco County:

(415) 677-7520

San Joaquin County:

(209) 470-7812

San Mateo County:

(650) 627-9350

Santa Clara County:

(408) 350-3200

#### Contact Medicare

Visit <u>www.Medicare.gov</u> to read the publication <u>Medicare Rights & Protections</u>. (available at: Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY user call 1-877-486-2048)

### SECTION 2 Your responsibilities as a member of our plan

Things you need to do as a member of our plan are listed below. For questions, call Member Services at **(866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711)**.

- Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this Evidence of Coverage document to learn what's covered and the rules you need to follow to get covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- If you have any other health coverage in addition to our plan, or separate prescription drug coverage, you're required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you're enrolled in our plan. Show our plan membership card whenever you get medical care.
- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.

- To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions you and your doctors agree on.
- Make sure your doctors know all the drugs you're taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
- If you have questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you're responsible for these payments:
  - You must continue to pay your premium for your Medicare Part B to stay a member of our plan.
  - For some of your medical services covered by our plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.
- If you move within our plan service area, we need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move outside our plan service area, you can't stay a member of our plan.
- If you move, tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

### **CHAPTER 7:**

# If you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

#### SECTION 1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains 2 types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

For some problems, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals.

For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The information in this chapter will help you identify the right process to use and what to do.

#### Section 1.1 Legal terms

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people To make things easier, this chapter uses more familiar words in place of some legal terms.

However, it's sometimes important to know the correct legal terms. To help you know which terms to use to get the right help or information, we include these legal terms when we give details for handling specific situations.

### SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized help

We're always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we're obligated to honor your right to complain. You should always call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) for help. In some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who isn't connected with us. Two organizations that can help you are:

#### State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. Go to Chapter 2 Section 3 to find the contact information for your state's SHIP.

#### **Medicare**

You can also contact Medicare for help.

Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048

Visit <u>www.Medicare.gov</u>

#### **SECTION 3** Which process to use for your problem

#### Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B drugs) are covered or not, the way they're covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go to Section 4, A guide to coverage decisions and appeals.

No.

Go to Section 9, How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.

### Coverage decisions and appeals

### SECTION 4 A guide to coverage decisions and appeals

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems about your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items, and Part B drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services, and Medicare Part B drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

#### Asking for coverage decisions before you get services

If you want to know if we'll cover medical care before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we'll pay for your medical care. For example, if our plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either you or your network doctor can show that you got a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we'll cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think you need. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we'll send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what's covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care isn't covered or is no longer covered for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

#### Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after you get a benefit, and you aren't satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we made. Under certain circumstances, you can ask for an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we properly followed the rules. When we complete the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we'll send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization not connected to us.

- You don't need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we don't fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- Go to **Section 5.4** for more information about Level 2 appeals for medical care.

If you aren't satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

#### Section 4.1 Get help asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- Call us at Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).
- **Get free help** from your State Health Insurance Program.
- Your doctor can make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, need to be appointed as your representative. Call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available at <a href="https://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a>.)
  - For medical care or Part B drugs, your doctor can ask for a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. You can name another person to act for you as your *representative* to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - If you want a friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available at <a href="https://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.CMS.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a>.) This form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person you want to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

- We can accept an appeal request from a representative without the form, but we can't complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we'll send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You can contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you aren't required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

#### Section 4.2 Rules and deadlines for different situations

There are 3 different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give the details for each of these situations:

**Section 5:** Medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

**Section 6:** How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

**Section 7:** How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies to only these services*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure information applies to you, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). You can also get help or information from your SHIP.

### SECTION 5 Medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

## Section 5.1 What to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

Your benefits for medical care are described in Chapter 4 in the *Medical Benefits Chart*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B drug. In those cases, we'll explain how the rules for Part B drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- 1. You aren't getting certain medical care you want, and you believe this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
- 2. Our plan won't approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe this care is covered by our plan. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.
- **3.** You got medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, but we said we won't pay for this care. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**
- **4.** You got and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by our plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5**
- **5.** You're being told that coverage for certain medical care you've been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3**

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 6 and 7 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

#### Section 5.2 How to ask for a coverage decision

#### **Legal Terms:**

A coverage decision that involves your medical care is called an **organization determination**.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

#### Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 7 calendar days when the medical item or service is subject to our prior authorization rules, 14 calendar days for all other medical items and services, or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet 2 requirements:

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical care items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services you already got).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to* your health or hurt your ability to regain function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we'll automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we'll decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we don't approve a fast coverage decision, we'll send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we'll use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we'll automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you asked for.

#### Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

• Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

#### Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions, we use the standard deadlines.

This means we'll give you an answer within 7 calendar days after we get your request for a medical item or service that is subject to our prior authorization rules. If your requested medical item or service is not subject to our prior authorization rules, we'll give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request. If your request is for a Part B drug, we'll give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your request.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If you believe we shouldn't take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. We'll give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 9 for information on complaints.)

#### For Fast Coverage decisions, we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we'll answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Part B drug, we'll answer within 24 hours.

- **However,** if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we take extra days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.
- If you believe we shouldn't take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. (Go to Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We'll call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

#### Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you're going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

#### Section 5.3 How to make a Level 1 appeal

#### **Legal Terms:**

An appeal to our plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan reconsideration.

A fast appeal is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

#### Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 calendar days or 7 calendar days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you're appealing a decision we made about coverage for care, you and/or your doctor need to decide if you need a *fast appeal*. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a *fast appeal*, we'll give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a *fast appeal* are the same as those for getting a *fast coverage decision* in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

#### Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal

- If you're asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you're asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.

- You must make your appeal request within 65 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for asking for an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

#### Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.

We'll gather more information if needed, and may contact you or your doctor.

#### Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal. We'll give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to
    14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we'll
    tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Part B drug.
  - If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we're required to automatically send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for, we'll send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it gets your appeal.

#### Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal. If your request is for a Part B drug you didn't get yet, we'll give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we get your appeal. We'll give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can
    take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra
    days, we'll tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a
    Part B drug.
  - If you believe we shouldn't take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we'll give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (Go to Section 9 for information on complaints.)
  - If we don't give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we'll send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.

If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Part B drug.

**If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we'll automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

#### Section 5.4 The Level 2 appeal process

#### **Legal Term:**

The formal name for the *independent review organization* is the **Independent Review Entity.** It's sometimes called the **IRE.** 

The **independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare**. It isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

#### Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

- We'll send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

#### If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you'll also have a fast appeal at Level 2

- For the *fast* appeal, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it gets your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.

#### If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you'll also have a standard appeal at Level 2

- For the standard appeal, if your request is for a medical item or service, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 30 calendar days of when it gets your appeal. If your request is for a Part B drug, the independent review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days of when it gets your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Part B drug.

#### **Step 2:** The independent review organization gives you its answer.

The independent review organization will tell you it's decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we get the decision from the independent review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Part B drug, we must authorize or provide the Part B drug within 72 hours after we get the decision from the independent review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 24 hours from the date we get the decision from the independent review organization.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care shouldn't be approved. (This is called upholding the decision or turning down your appeal.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter that:
  - Explains the its decision.
  - Lets you know about your right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
  - Tells you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

#### Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.

The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

#### Section 5.5 If you're asking us to pay for our share of a bill you got for medical care

Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

#### Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you're asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we'll check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We'll also check to see if you followed the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we'll send you the payment for our share of the cost typically within 30 calendar days, but no later than 60 calendar days after we get your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we'll send the payment directly to the provider.
- If we say no to your request: If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we won't send payment. Instead, we'll send you a letter that says we won't pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you don't agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you're asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals in Section 5.3**. For appeals concerning reimbursement, note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we get your appeal. If you're asking us to pay you back for medical care you already got and paid for, you aren't allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you asked for to you or the provider within 60 calendar days.

## SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you're being discharged too soon

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all covered hospital services necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will work with you to prepare for the day you leave the hospital. They'll help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date.**
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

## Section 6.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you'll get a written notice from Medicare that tells you about your rights

Within 2 calendar days of being admitted to the hospital, you'll be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you don't get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048).

#### 1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:

- Your right to get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date, so we'll cover your hospital care for a longer time.

#### 2. You'll be asked to sign the written notice to show that you got it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have got the information about your rights. The notice doesn't give your discharge date. Signing the notice **doesn't mean** you're agreeing on a discharge date.
- **3. Keep your copy** of the notice so you have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than 2 calendar days before your discharge date, you'll get another copy before you're scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can also get the notice online at <a href="https://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im">www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im</a>.

#### Section 6.2 How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

To ask us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are:

- Follow the process.
- · Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). Or call your State Health Insurance Program (SHIP) for personalized help. SHIP contact information is available in Chapter 2, Section 3.

**During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts aren't part of our plan.

## <u>Step 1:</u> Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

#### How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you got (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

#### Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.** 
  - **If you meet this deadline**, you can stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - **If you don't meet this deadline**, contact us. If you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.
- Once you ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we're contacted, we'll give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it's right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.
- You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). (TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can get a sample notice online at <a href="https://www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im">www.CMS.gov/Medicare/forms-notices/beneficiary-notices-initiative/ffs-ma-im</a>.

#### Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you can if you want.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that we and the hospital gave them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you'll get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it's right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

## <u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

#### What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the independent review organization says yes, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You'll have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

#### What happens if the answer is no?

- If the independent review organization says *no*, they're saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the independent review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

#### Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal

• If the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you're going to *Level 2* of the appeals process.

#### Section 6.3 How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at its decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

#### **Step 1:** Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date your coverage for the care ended.

#### Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all the information related to your appeal.

### <u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you it's decision.

If the independent review organization says yes:

We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you got since noon on the day after
the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must
continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it's medically
necessary.

You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

#### If the independent review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called *upholding the decision*.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you want to continue with the review process.

### <u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is no, you need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going to Level 3

- There are 3 additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

## SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

When you're getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care** (**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility**), you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it's time to stop covering any of these 3 types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we'll stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

#### Section 7.1 We'll tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

#### **Legal Term:**

**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.** It tells you how you can ask for a **fast-track appeal.** Asking for a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to ask for a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

**1. You get a notice in writing** at least 2 calendar days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:

- The date when we'll stop covering the care for you.
- How to request a fast track appeal to ask us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you got it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you got the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it doesn't mean you agree with our plan's decision to stop care.

#### Section 7.2 How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you'll need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). Or call your State Health Insurance Program (SHIP) for personalized help. SHIP contact information is available in Chapter 2, Section 3.

**During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate. The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts aren't part of our plan.

<u>Step 1:</u> Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a fast-track appeal. You must act quickly.

#### How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you got (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

#### Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.
- If you miss the deadline, and you want to file an appeal, you still have appeal rights. Contact the Quality Improvement Organization using the contact information on the Notice of Medicare Non-coverage. The name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state may also be found in Chapter 2.

#### Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

#### **Legal Term:**

**Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.** Notice that gives details on reasons for ending coverage.

#### What happens during this review?

• Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you can if you want.

- The independent review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information our plan gives them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you'll get the Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage, from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

### Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you it's decision.

#### What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it's medically necessary.
- You'll have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

#### What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say no, then your coverage will end on the date we told you.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, **you'll have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

#### Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

#### Section 7.3 How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

#### Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date your coverage for the care ended.

#### **Step 2:** The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all the information related to your appeal.

## <u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you it's decision.

#### What happens if the independent review organization says yes?

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it's medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

#### What happens if the independent review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you want to continue with the review process. It will give you details about how to go to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

#### Step 4: If the answer is no, you need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are 3 additional levels of appeal after Level 2, (for a total of 5 levels of appeal). If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

#### SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Levels 3, 4 and 5

#### Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be right for you if you made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals were turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you can't appeal any further. The written response you get to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last 3 levels of appeal work in much the same way as the first two levels. Here's who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

#### Level 3 appeal

**An Administrative Law Judge** or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that's favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - If we decide not to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after we get the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept the decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If don't not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

#### Level 4 appeal

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

- If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We'll decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we'll let you know in writing.
- If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you don't want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

#### Level 5 appeal

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

#### **Making complaints**

## SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

#### Section 9.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul> <li>Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you got (including care in the hospital)?</li> </ul>
Respecting your privacy	<ul> <li>Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?</li> </ul>
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul> <li>Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>Are you unhappy with our Member Services?</li> <li>Do you feel you're being encouraged to leave our plan?</li> </ul>

Complaint	Example
Waiting times	<ul> <li>Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at our plan?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room, or getting a prescription.</li> </ul>
Cleanliness	<ul> <li>Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?</li> </ul>
Information you get from us	<ul><li>Did we fail to give you a required notice?</li><li>Is our written information hard to understand?</li></ul>
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all about the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	If you asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think we aren't responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:
	• You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision or a fast appeal</i> , and we said no; you can make a complaint.
	• You believe we aren't meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.
	<ul> <li>You believe we aren't meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>
	• You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.

#### Section 9.2 How to make a complaint

#### **Legal Terms:**

- A Complaint is also called a grievance.
- Making a complaint is called filing a grievance.
- Using the process for complaints is called using the process for filing a grievance.
- A fast complaint is called an expedited grievance.

#### **Step 1:** Contact us promptly - either by phone or in writing.

- Calling Member Service at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) is usually the first step. If there's anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- If you don't want to call (or you called and weren't satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we'll respond to your complaint in writing.

- The complaint must be submitted within 60 days of the event or incident. Please include names, dates, and a complete description of your problem in your letter. We must address your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the time frame by up to 14 days if you ask for the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will consider this as a "fast complaint" and give you an answer within 24 hours.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is **60 calendar days** from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

#### Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we'll answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we'll tell you in writing.
- If you're making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we'll automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we'll give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we don't agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you're complaining about, we'll include our reasons in our response to you.

## Section 9.3 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have 2 extra options:

**You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization**. The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

• You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.

#### Section 9.4 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint">www.Medicare.gov/my/medicare-complaint</a>. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users call 1-877-486-2048.

### **CHAPTER 8:**

### **Ending membership in our plan**

#### SECTION 1 Ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you decide you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 give information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we're required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you're leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care, and you'll continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

### SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

#### Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Open Enrollment Period

You can end your membership in our plan during the **Open Enrollment Period** each year. During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- The Open Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7.
- Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan, with or without drug coverage,
  - o Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan,
  - Original Medicare without a separate Medicare drug plan.
- Your membership will end in our plan when your new plan's coverage starts on January 1.

#### Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You can make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** each year.

- The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 to March 31 and, for new Medicare enrollees in an MA plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement.
- During the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period, you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without drug coverage.
  - Disenroll from our plan and get coverage through Original Medicare. If you switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare drug plan at the same time.

#### Chapter 8: Ending membership in our plan

• Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will start the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

#### Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

**You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period** if any of the following situations apply. These are just examples. For the full list you can contact our plan, call Medicare, or visit <u>www. Medicare.gov.</u>

- Usually, when you move
- If you have Medi-Cal Medicaid
- If we violate our contract with you
- If you're getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital
- If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Enrollment time periods vary** depending on your situation.

**To find out if you're eligible for a Special Enrollment Period**, call Medicare at 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you're eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without drug coverage.
- Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan.
- Original Medicare without a separate Medicare drug plan.

**Your membership will usually end** on the first day of the month after we get your request to change our plan.

#### Section 2.4 Get more information about when you can end your membership

If you have questions about ending your membership, you can:

- Call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2026* handbook.
- Contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) TTY users call 1-877-486-2048

#### **SECTION 3** How to end your membership in our plan

The table below explains how you can end your membership in our plan.

To switch from our plan to:	Here's what you should to do:
<ul> <li>Another Medicare health</li> </ul>	Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.
plan	

#### Chapter 8: Ending membership in our plan

To switch from our plan to:	Here's what you should to do:
	You'll automatically be disenrolled from Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) when your new plan's coverage starts.
<ul> <li>Original Medicare with a separate Medicare drug plan.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare drug plan.</li> <li>You'll automatically be disenrolled from Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) when your new plan's coverage starts.</li> </ul>
Original Medicare without a separate Medicare drug plan.	<ul> <li>Send us a written request to disenroll. Call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) if you need more information on how to do this.</li> <li>You can also call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.</li> <li>You'll be disenrolled from Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) hen your coverage in Original Medicare starts.</li> </ul>

**Note**: If you also have creditable prescription drug coverage (e.g., a separate Medicare drug plan) and disenroll from that coverage, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later after going without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row.

## SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items and services through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage starts, you must continue to get your medical items, services care through our plan.

- Continue to use our network providers to get medical care.
- If you're hospitalized on the day your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you're discharged (even if you're discharged after your new health coverage starts).

## SECTION 5 Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) must end our plan membership in certain situations

### Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) must end your membership in our plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you're away from our service area for more than 6 months.
  - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711) to find out if the place you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you're no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you're enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)

#### Chapter 8: Ending membership in our plan

- If you continuously behave in a way that's disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We can't make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

If you have questions or want more information on when we can end your membership, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711).

#### Section 5.1 We can't ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) isn't allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

#### What should you do if this happens?

If you feel you're being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

#### Section 5.2 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

### CHAPTER 9: Legal notices

#### **SECTION 1** Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, (CMS). In addition, other federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws aren't included or explained in this document.

#### **SECTION 2** Notice about nondiscrimination

**We don't discriminate** based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <a href="https://www.HHS.gov/ocr/index.html">www.HHS.gov/ocr/index.html</a>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, call Member Services at (866) 314-2427 (TTY users call 711). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

### **SECTION 3** Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any state laws.

# CHAPTER 10: Definitions

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center doesn't exceed 24 hours.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already got. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you're getting.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than our plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO), you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We don't allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing our plan says you must pay.

**Benefit Period** – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you are discharged. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The federal agency that administers Medicare.

**Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan** (C-SNP) – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible people who have specific severe and chronic diseases.

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services after you pay any deductibles.

**Complaint** – The formal name for *making a complaint is* **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems about quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you get. It also includes complaints if our plan doesn't follow the time periods in the appeal process.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or copay)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

**Cost Sharing** – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are gotten. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following 3 types of payments: 1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; 2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific service is gotten; or 3) any *coinsurance* amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when a specific service is gotten.

**Covered Services** – The term we use to mean all the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you don't need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

**Disenroll** or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

**Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP)** – D-SNPs enroll people who are entitled to both Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the person's eligibility.

**Dually Eligible Individual** - A person who is eligible for Medicare and Medicaid coverage.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you're a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Grievance** - A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This doesn't involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

**Hospice** – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. Our plan must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you're still a member of our plan. You can still get all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you've been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an *outpatient*.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you're first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – Go to Extra Help.

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount –** The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

**Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** – The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or get coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after a person is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be i) an HMO, ii) a PPO, iii) a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or iv) a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage. Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) doesn't offer Medicare prescription drug coverage.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, must cover all the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services doesn't include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental, or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in our plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill gaps in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Member Services** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

**Network Provider** - **Provider** is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

**Open Enrollment Period** – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

**Organization Determination** – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

**Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-Service Medicare)** – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has 2 parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that aren't employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – Go to the definition for *cost sharing* above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services gotten is also referred to as the member's *out-of-pocket* cost requirement.

**PACE plan** – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term and supports (LTSS) services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans get both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through our plan.

Part C – Go to Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they're received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are gotten from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both in-network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Preventive services** – Health care to prevent illness or detect illness at an early stage, when treatment is likely to work best (for example, preventive services include Pap tests, flu shots, and screening mammograms).

**Primary Care Physician (PCP)** – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services based on specific criteria. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – Medical devices including, but not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

**Referral** – A written order from your primary care doctor for you to visit a specialist or get certain medical services. Without a referral, our plan may not pay for services from a specialist.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include inpatient rehabilitation care, physical therapy (outpatient), speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Our plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of our plan's service area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who live in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits aren't the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently Needed Services** – A plan-covered service requiring immediate medical attention that's not an emergency is an urgently needed service if either you're temporarily outside our plan's service area, or it's unreasonable given your time, place, and circumstances to get this service from network providers. Examples of urgently needed services are unforeseen medical illnesses and injuries, or unexpected flare-ups of existing conditions. Medically necessary routine provider visits, (like annual checkups,) aren't considered urgently needed even if you're outside our plan's service area or our plan network is temporarily unavailable.

# Additional Important Healthcare and Member Resource Information

- Non-Discrimination Notice (NDN) Section 1557
- Notice of Availability (NOA) Language Assistance Services
- Notice of Privacy Practices (NPP)

# Non-Discrimination Notice – Section 1557 Central Health Plan



Discrimination is against the law. Central Health Plan follows State and Federal civil rights laws. Central Health Plan does not unlawfully discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently because of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, mental disability, physical disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, gender, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

### Central Health Plan provides:

- Free aids and services in a timely manner to people with disabilities to help them communicate better, such as:
  - Qualified sign language interpreters
  - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats)
- Free language services in a timely manner to people whose primary language is not English, such as:
  - Qualified interpreters
  - · Written information in other languages

If you need these services, contact Central Health Plan between 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. by calling 1-866-314-2427. If you cannot hear or speak well, please call 711. Upon request, this document can be made available to you in braille, large print, audiocassette, or electronic form. To obtain a copy in one of these alternative formats, please call or write to:

Central Health Plan Civil Rights Coordinator 200 Oceangate, Suite 100 Long Beach, CA 90802

By phone: 1-866-606-3889. If you cannot hear or speak well, please call 711.

### **HOW TO FILE A GRIEVANCE**

If you believe that Central Health Plan has failed to provide these services or unlawfully discriminated in another way on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, mental disability, physical disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, gender, gender identity, or sexual orientation, you can file a grievance with Central Health Plan's Civil Rights Coordinator. You can file a grievance by phone, in writing, in person, or electronically:

- **By phone:** Contact Central Health Plan's Civil Rights Coordinator between 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. by calling 1-866-606-3889. Or, if you cannot hear or speak well, please call 711.
- In writing: Fill out a complaint form or write a letter and send it to:

Central Health Plan Civil Rights Coordinator 200 Oceangate, Suite 100 Long Beach, CA 90802

- In person: Visit your doctor's office or Central Health Plan and say you want to file a grievance.
- Electronically: Send an email to <u>Civil.Rights@MolinaHealthcare.com</u>. You can also visit Central Health Plan's website at <u>MolinaHealthcare.Alertline.com</u>.

### OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS - CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the California Department of Health Care Services, Office of Civil Rights by phone, in writing, or electronically:

- **By phone:** Call 916-440-7370. If you cannot speak or hear well, please call 711 (Telecommunications Relay Service).
- In writing: Fill out a complaint form or send a letter to: Deputy Director, Office of Civil Rights Department of Health Care Services Office of Civil Rights P.O. Box 997413 Sacramento, CA 95899-7413

• Electronically: Send an email to CivilRights@dhcs.ca.gov.

#### OFFICE OF CIVIL RIGHTS - U.S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

If you believe you have been discriminated against on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a civil rights complaint (grievance) with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, by phone, in writing, or electronically:

- **By phone:** Call 1-800-368-1019. If you cannot speak or hear well, please call TTY/TDD: 1-800-537-7697.
- In writing: Fill out a complaint form or send a letter to:
   U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
   200 Independence Avenue, SW
   Room 509F, HHH Building
   Washington, D.C. 20201

Complaint forms are available at HHS.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

• **Electronically:** Visit the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal at OCRportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf.



# Notice of Availability of Language Assistance Services and Auxiliary Aids and Services

### **English**

ATTENTION: If you need help in your language call 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Aids and services for people with disabilities, like documents in braille and large print, are also available. Call 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). These services are free of charge.

### (Arabic) العربية

يرجى الانتباه،: إذا احتجت إلى المساعدة بلغتك، فاتصل بـ 2427-314-866-1، (وبالنسبة لمستخدمي الهاتف النصي TTY: يمكنهم الاتصال على 711). تتوفر أيضًا المساعدات والخدمات للأشخاص ذوي الإعاقة، مثل المستندات المكتوبة بطريقة بريل والخط الكبير، اتصل بـ 2427-314-866-1 (وبالنسبة لمستخدمي الهاتف النصي TTY: يمكنهم الاتصال على 711). هذه الخدمات مجانية.

### Յայերեն (Armenian)

ՈՒՇԱԴՐՈՒԹՅՈՒՆ. եթե ձեզ հարկավոր է աջակցություն ձեր լեզվով, ապա զանգահարեք 1-866-314-2427 (TTY՝ 711) հեռախոսահամարով։ Հաշմանդամություն ունեցող անձանց համար գործումեն նաև օժանդակ միջոցներ ու ծառայություններ, օրինակ՝ Բրայլի գրատիպով ու խոշորատառ տպատառով տրամադրվող նյութեր։ Տվյալ դեպքում զանգահարեք 1-866-314-2427 (TTY՝ 711) հեռախոսահամարով։ Ծառայությունները գործում են անվձար։

# ខ្មែរ (Cambodian)

ចំណាំ៖ បើអ្នកគ្រូវការជំនួយជាភាសារបស់អ្នក សូមទូរសព្ទទៅលេខ 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)។ ជំនួយ និងសេវាកម្មសម្រាប់ជនពិការ ដូចជាឯកសារសរសេរជាអក្សរជុសសម្រាប់ជនពិការភ្នែក ឬឯកសារសរសេរជាអក្សរពុម្ពជំ ក៍អាចរកបានផងដែរ។ ទូរសព្ទមកលេខ 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)។ សេវាកម្មទាំងនេះមិនគិតថ្លៃឡើយ។

### 简体中文 (Chinese)

请注意:如果您需要以您的语言提供帮助,请致电 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)。另外还提供针对残疾人士的辅助工具和服务,例如盲文文件和大字体文件。请致电 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)。这些服务均免费提供。

# (Farsi) فارس*ى*

توجه: اگر میخواهید به زبان خود راهنمایی دریافت کنید، با (TTY: 711) 2427-314-866-1 اتماس بگیرید. کمکها و خدمات مخصوص افراد دارای معلولیت، مانند نسخههایی به خط بریل و چاپ درشت، نیز موجود است. با (TTY: 711) 2427-314-366-1 تماس بگیرید. این خدمات رایگان ارائه می شوند.



# Notice of Availability/Taglines – Section 1557 Central Health Plan

# हिंदी (Hindi)

ध्यान दें: अगर आपको अपनी भाषा में सहायता की आवश्यकता है तो 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711) पर कॉल करें। अशक्तता वाले लोगों के लिए सहायता और सेवाएं, जैसे ब्रेल और बडे प्रिंट में भी दस्तावेज़ उपलब्ध हैं। 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711) पर कॉल करें। ये सेवाएं निशुल्क हैं।

### **Hmoob (Hmong)**

CEEB TOOM: Yog koj xav tau kev pab txhais koj hom lus hu rau 1-866-314-2427 (TTY: 711). Tsis tas li ntawd, kuj tseem muaj cov kev pab txhawb thiab kev pab cuam rau cov neeg xiam oob qhab, xws li cov ntawv su thiab luam tawm ua tus ntawv loj. Hu rau 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Cov kev pab cuam no yog pab dawb xwb.

# <u>日本語 (Japanese)</u>

注記:日本語での対応が必要な場合は 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711) までお電話ください。点字の資料や文字の拡大表示など、障がいをお持ちの方のためのサービスもご用意しております。 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)までお電話ください。これらのサービスは無料です。

# 한국어 (Korean)

알림: 귀하의 언어로 도움을 받고 싶으시면 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)번으로 전화하십시오. 점자나 큰 활자로 된 문서와 같이 장애가 있는 분들을 위한 지원 및 서비스도 이용하실 수 있습니다. 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)번으로 전화하십시오. 이러한 서비스는 무료로 제공됩니다.

# <u>ພາສາລາວ (Laotian)</u>

ປະກາດ: ຖ້າທ່ານຕ້ອງການຄວາມຊ່ວຍເຫືອເປັນພາສາຂອງທ່ານໃຫ້ໂທຫາເບີ 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). ນອກນ້ອງມີຄວາມຊ່ວຍເຫືອ ແລະ ການບໍລິການສຳລັບຄົນພິການ ເຊັນ: ເອກະສານທີ່ເປັນອັກສອນນູນແລະມີໂຕພິມໃຫຍ່ ໃຫ້ໂທຫາເບີ <u>1</u>-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). ການບໍລິການເຫົານີ້ແມ່ນຟຣ.

### Mien

LONGC HNYOUV JANGX LONGX OC: Beiv taux meih qiemx longc mienh tengx faan benx meih nyei waac nor douc waac daaih lorx taux 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Liouh lorx jauv-louc tengx aengx caux nzie gong bun taux ninh mbuo wuaaic fangx mienh, beiv taux longc benx nzangc-pokc bun hluo mbiutc aengx caux aamz mborqv benx domh sou se mbenc nzoih bun longc. Douc waac daaih lorx 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Naaiv deix nzie weih gong-bou jauv-louc se benx wang-henh tengx mv zuqc cuotv nyaanh oc.

# ਪੰਜਾਬੀ (Punjabi)

ਧਿਆਨ ਦਿਓ: ਜੇ ਤੁਹਾਨੰ ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਮਦਦ ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711) 'ਤੇ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ। ਅਪਾਹਜ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਲਈ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ, ਜਿਵੇਂ ਕਿ ਬ੍ਰੇਲ ਅਤੇ ਮੋਟੀ ਛਪਾਈ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਸਤਾਵੇਜ਼, ਵੀ ਉਪਲਬਧ ਹਨ। 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711)'ਤੇ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ। ਇਹ ਸੇਵਾਵਾਂ ਮੁਫਤ ਹਨ।



# Notice of Availability/Taglines – Section 1557 Central Health Plan

### Русский (Russian)

ВНИМАНИЕ! Если вам нужна помощь на вашем родном языке, звоните по номеру 1-866-314-2427(ТТҮ: 711). Также предоставляются средства и услуги для людей с ограниченными возможностями, например документы крупным шрифтом или шрифтом Брайля. Звоните по номеру 1-866-314-2427(ТТҮ: 711). Такие услуги = бесплатны.

### **Español (Spanish)**

ATENCIÓN: si necesita ayuda en su idioma, llame al 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). También ofrecemos asistencia y servicios para personas con discapacidades, como documentos en braille y con letras grandes. Llame al 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Estos servicios son gratuitos.

### Tagalog (Filipino)

ATENSIYON: Kung kailangan mo ng tulong sa iyong wika, tumawag sa 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Mayroon ding mga tulong at serbisyo para sa mga taong may kapansanan, tulad ng mga dokumento sa braille at malaking print. Tumawag sa 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711). Libre ang mga serbisyong ito.

# <u>ภาษาไทย (Thai)</u>

โปรดทราบ: หากคุณต้องการความช่วยเหลือเป็นภาษาของคุณ กรุณาโทรศัพท์ไปที่หมายเลขํ 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711) นอกจากนี้ ยังพร้อมให้ความช่วยเหลือและบริการต่าง ๆ สาหรับบุคคลที่มีความพิการ เช่น เอกสารต่าง ๆ ที่เป็นอักษรเบรลล์และเอกสารที่พิมพ์ด้วยตัวอักษรขนาดใหญ่ กรุณาโทรศัพท์ไปที่หมายเลขํ 1-866-314-2427(TTY: 711) ไม่มีค่าใช้จ่ายสาหรับบริการเหล่านี้

### Українська (Ukrainian)

УВАГА! Якщо вам потрібна допомога вашою рідною мовою, телефонуйте на номер 1-866-314-2427(ТТҮ: 711). Люди з обмеженими можливостями також можуть скористатися допоміжними засобами й послугами, наприклад отримати документи, надруковані шрифтом Брайля та великим шрифтом. Телефонуйте на номер 1-866-314-2427(ТТҮ: 711). Ці послуги безкоштовні.

# Tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)

CHÚ Ý: Nếu quý vị cần trợ giúp bằng ngôn ngữ của mình, vui lòng gọi số 1-866-314-2427 (TTY: 711). Chúng tôi cũng hỗ trợ và cung cấp các dịch vụ dành cho người khuyết tật, như tài liệu bằng chữ nổi Braille và chữ khổ lớn (chữ hoa). Vui lòng gọi số 1-866-314-2427 (TTY: 711). Các dịch vụ này đều miễn phí.

# NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

# THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

This Notice describes the privacy practices of Molina Healthcare's affil ated health plans (referred to herein as "Molina", "we" or "our"). We use and share protected health information ("PHI") about you to provide your health benefi s as a Molina member. We use and share your PHI to carry out treatment, payment and health care operations. We also use and share your PHI for other reasons as allowed and required by law. We have the duty to keep your health information private and to follow the terms of this Notice. The effective date of this Notice is January 1, 2026.

PHI is health information that includes your name, member number or other identifiers, and is used or shared by us. PHI includes health information about substance use disorders and biometric information (like a voiceprint).

### Why do we use or share your PHI?

We use or share your PHI to provide you with health care benefi s. Your PHI is also used or shared for treatment, payment, and health care operations.

### For Treatment

We may use or share your PHI to give you, or arrange for, your medical care. This treatment also includes referrals between your doctors or other health care providers. For example, we may share information about your health condition with a specialist. This helps the specialist talk about your treatment with your doctor.

### For Payment

We may use or share PHI to make decisions on payment. This may include claims, approvals for treatment, and decisions about medical need. Your name, your condition, your treatment, and supplies given may be written on the bill. For example, we may let a doctor know that you have our benefi s. We would also tell the doctor the amount of the bill that we would pay.

### **For Health Care Operations**

We may use or share PHI about you to run our health plan(s). For example, we may use information from your claim to let you know about a health program that could help you. We may also use or share your PHI to solve your concerns. Your PHI may also be used to see that claims are paid right.

# Health care operations involve many daily business needs. It includes but is not limited to, the following:

- Improving quality;
- Actions in health programs to help members with certain conditions (such as asthma);
- Conducting or arranging for medical review;
- Legal services, including fraud and abuse detection and prosecution programs;
- Actions to help us obey laws;
- Addressing member needs, including solving complaints and grievances.

We will share your PHI with other companies ("business associates") that perform different kinds of activities for our health plan(s). We may also use your PHI to give you reminders about your appointments. We may use your PHI to give you information about other treatment(s), or other health-related benefits and services.

When can we use or share your PHI without getting written authorization (approval) from you?

In addition to treatment, payment and health care operations, the law allows or requires Molina to use and share your PHI for several other purposes including the following:

### Required by law

We will use or share information about you as required by law. We will share your PHI when required by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). This may be for a court case, other legal review, or when required for law enforcement purposes.

### **Public Health**

Your PHI may be used or shared for public health activities. This may include helping public health agencies to prevent or control disease.

## **Health Care Oversight**

Your PHI may be used or shared with government agencies. They may need your PHI for audits.

### Research

Your PHI may be used or shared for research in certain cases, such as when approved by a privacy or institutional review board.

### **Legal or Administrative Proceedings**

Your PHI may be used or shared for legal proceedings, such as in response to a court order.

### Law Enforcement

Your PHI may be used or shared with police for law enforcement purposes, such as to help fi da suspect, witness or missing person.

### **Health and Safety**

Your PHI may be shared to prevent a serious and imminent threat to the health or safety of a person or the public.

### **Government Functions**

Your PHI may be shared with the government for special functions. An example would be to protect the President.

# Victims of Abuse, Neglect or Domestic Violence

Your PHI may be shared with legal authorities if we believe that a person is a victim of abuse or neglect.

### **Workers' Compensation**

Your PHI may be used or shared to obey Workers' Compensation laws.

### Other Disclosures

Your PHI may be shared with funeral directors or coroners to help them do their jobs.

### Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure

Some federal and state laws may require special privacy protections that restrict the use and disclosure of certain types of health information. Such laws may protect the following types of information: alcohol and substance use disorders, biometric information, child or adult abuse or neglect including sexual assault, communicable diseases, genetic information, HIV/AIDS, mental health, minors' information, prescriptions, reproductive health, and sexually transmitted diseases. We will follow the more stringent law, where it applies to us.

### Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Information.

Although we are not a substance use disorder treatment program under federal law (a "SUD Program"), we may receive information from a SUD Program about you. We may not disclose SUD information for use in a civil, criminal, administrative, or legislative proceeding against you unless we have (i) your written consent, or (ii) a court order accompanied by a subpoena or other legal requirement compelling disclosure issued after we and you were given notice and an opportunity to be heard

# When do we need your written authorization (approval) to use or share your PHI?

We need your written approval to use or share your PHI for a purpose other than those listed in this Notice. We need your authorization before we disclose your PHI for the following: (1) most uses and disclosures of psychotherapy notes; (2) uses and disclosures for marketing purposes; and (3) uses and disclosures that involve the sale of PHI. You may cancel a written approval that you have given us. Your cancellation will not apply to actions already taken by us because of the approval you already gave to us.

### What are your health information rights?

You have the right to:

# Request Restrictions on PHI Uses or Disclosures (Sharing of Your PHI)

You may ask us not to share your PHI to carry out treatment, payment or health care operations. You may also ask us not to share your PHI with family, friends or other persons you name who are involved in your health care. However, we are not required to agree to your request. You will need to make your request in writing. You may use our form to make your request.

### Request Confidential Communications of PHI

You may ask Molina to give you your PHI in a certain way or at a certain place to help keep your PHI private. We will follow reasonable requests, if you tell us how sharing all or a part of that PHI could put your life at risk. You will need to make your request in writing. You may use our form to make your request.

# Review and Copy Your PHI

You have a right to review and get a copy of your PHI held by us. This may include records used in making coverage, claims and other decisions about you as our member. You will need to make your request in writing. You may use our form to make your request. We may charge you a reasonable fee for copying and mailing the records. In certain cases, we may deny the request. Important Note: We do not have complete copies of your medical records. If you want to look at, get a copy of, or change your medical records, please contact your doctor or clinic.

### Amend Your PHI

You may ask that we amend (change) your PHI. This involves only those records kept by us about you as a member. You will need to make your request in writing. You may use our form to make your request. You may file a letter disagreeing with us if we deny the request.

### Receive an Accounting of PHI Disclosures (Sharing of Your PHI)

You may ask that we give you a list of certain parties that we shared your PHI with during the six years prior to the date of your request. The list will not include PHI shared as follows:

- for treatment, payment or health care operations;
- to persons about their own PHI;
- sharing done with your authorization;
- incident to a use or disclosure otherwise permitted or required under applicable law;
- PHI released in the interest of national security or for intelligence purposes; or
- as part of a limited data set in accordance with applicable law.

We will charge a reasonable fee for each list if you ask for this list more than once in a 12- month period. You will need to make your request in writing. You may use our form to make your request.

You may make any of the requests listed above, or may get a paper copy of this Notice. Please call our Member Services department at the toll-free number on the back of your ID card, 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., local time. TTY/ TDD users, please call 711.

# What can you do if your rights have not been protected?

You may complain to us and to the Department of Health and Human Services if you believe your privacy rights have been violated. We will not do anything against you for filigacomplaint. Your care and benefigawill not change in any way.

### You may file a complaint with us at:

Call Member Services at the toll-free number on the back of your ID card, 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., local time. TTY/TDD users, please call 711. Or write to us at:

Molina Healthcare Attn: Appeals and Grievances P.O. Box 22816 Long Beach, CA 90801-9977

# You may file a complaint with the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at:

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Office for Civil Rights 200 Independence Ave., S.W. Suite 509F, HHH Building Washington, D.C. 20201 (800) 368-1019; (800) 537-7697 (TDD); (202) 619-3818 (FAX)

### What are our duties?

We are required to:

- · Keep your PHI private;
- Give you written information such as this on our duties and privacy practices about your PHI;
- Provide you with a notice in the event of any breach of your unsecured PHI;
- Not use or disclose your genetic information for underwriting purposes;
- Follow the terms of this Notice.

### This Notice is Subject to Change

We reserve the right to change its information practices and terms of this Notice at any time. If we do, the new terms and practices will then apply to all PHI we keep. If we make any material changes, we will post the revised Notice on our website and send the revised Notice, or information about the material change and how to obtain the revised Notice, in our next annual mailing to our members then covered by us. This Notice is available on our website at MolinaHealthcare.com.

### **Contact Information**

If you have any questions about this Notice, please contact us.

Call our Member Services department at the toll-free number on the back of your ID card; 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., local time. TTY/TDD users, please call 711. Or write to Molina Member Services, 200 Oceangate, Suite 100, Long Beach, CA 90802.

You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, or audio. Call (855) 882-3901, TTY/TDD: 711, 7 days a week, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., local time. The call is free.

### **Central Health Valor Care Plan (HMO) Member Services**

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
CALL	(866) 314-2427
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
	Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours are October 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. From April 1 – September 30, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
FAX	(310) 507-6186
WRITE	Molina Healthcare Attn: Medicare Member Services 200 Oceangate Ste. 100 Long Beach, CA 90802
WEBSITE	www.centralhealthplan.com

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) (California SHIP)

Valley Caregiver Resource Center (Fresno and Madera Counties), Elder Law & Advocacy (Imperial and San Diego County), Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept (Kern County), Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging (Kings and Tulare Counties), Center for Health Care Rights (Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties), Council on Aging – Southern California (Orange and Riverside Counties), Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. (Sacramento and San Joaquin County), Self Help For the Elderly (San Francisco and San Mateo Counties), Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions (Santa Clara County) is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Contact Information
CALL	Fresno and Madera Counties: (559) 224-9117 Imperial County: (760) 353-0223 Kern County: (661) 868-1000 Kings and Tulare Counties: (559) 713-2875 / (800) 434-0222 Los Angeles County: (213) 383-4519 Orange County: (714) 560-0424 Riverside and San Bernardino Counties: (909)-256-8369 Sacramento County: (800) 434-0222 / (916) 376-8915 San Diego County: (858) 565-8772 San Francisco County: (415) 677-7520 San Joaquin County: (209) 470-7812 San Mateo County: (650) 627-9350 Santa Clara County: (408) 350-3200
ТТҮ	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

Method	Contact Information
WRITE	Fresno and Madera Counties: Valley Caregiver Resource Center 5363 N. Fresno Street Fresno, CA 93710 Imperial County: Elder Law & Advocacy 939 W. Main Street, Box #19 Basement El Centro, CA 92243 Kern County. Kern County Aging and Adult Services Dept 5357 Truxtun Ave. Bakersfield, CA 93301 Kings and Tulare Counties: Kings/Tulare Area Agency on Aging 3350 W. Mineral King Visalia, CA 93291 Los Angeles County: Center for Health Care Rights 4601 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 160 Los Angeles, CA 90010 Orange County: Council on Aging – Southern California 2 Executive Circle, Suite 175 Irvine, CA 92614 Riverside and San Bernardino Counties: Council on Aging Southern California 2280 Market Street, Ste. 140 Riverside, CA 92501 Sacramento and San Joaquin Counties: Legal Services of Northern CA, Inc. 505 12th St Sacramento, CA 95814 San Diego County: Elder Law & Advocacy 5151 Murphy Canyon Road, Suite 110 San Diego CA 92123 San Francisco County: Self Help For the Elderly 601 Jackson Street, 2nd Floor San Francisco, CA 94133 San Mateo County: Self Help For the Elderly 710 S. Amphlett Blvd., Suite 100 San Mateo, CA 94402 Santa Clara County: Sourcewise Community Resource Solutions 3100 De La Cruz Boulevard, Suite 310 Santa Clara, CA 955054
WEBSITE	https://www.aging.ca.gov/hicap
DDA D: Ct	

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